

Interdisciplinary Division of Aeronautical & Aviation Engineering

Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Air Transport Engineering

Programme Code: 48401
Full-time Credit-based

Programme Requirement Document
2020 cohort

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This Programme Requirement Document is applicable for 2020/21 intake and it is subject to review and changes which the programme offering Faculty/Division may decide to make from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate.

PART A PROGRAMME SCHEME

1. General Information

1.1 Introduction

Programme Title	Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Air Transport Engineering 民航工程學 (榮譽)工學士學位
Host Department	The programme is hosted by the Interdisciplinary Division of Aeronautical and Aviation Engineering (AAE) of Faculty of Engineering, with the support of the following academic departments: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering• Department of Mechanical Engineering
Programme Structure	Credit-based
Mode of attendance	Full-time
Duration	2 years (4 semesters)
Final Award	Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Air Transport Engineering 民航工程學 (榮譽)工學士學位
Credits required for graduation	(a) Academic credits: Normally 66* <i>*exact number of credits depends on the academic background of students</i> (b) Training credits: 4 (c) Work-Integrated Education (WIE) Training Credit: 1
Implementation Year	The first intake started in September 2014

1.2 Characteristics

The programme has the following characteristics:

- A specialized programme providing fundamental aeronautical knowledge for students to prepare for licensed or design aircraft engineer certification and aviation operation management.
- Some of the subjects are co-taught by PolyU academics and industry professionals to give students first-hand information on the aviation industry.
- Summer internships, technical visits and on-site experience sharing may be arranged to enhance students' learning and work experience in the industry.

1.3 Minimum Entrance Requirements

An Associate Degree or a Higher Diploma in a related engineering discipline.

1.4 Student Exchanges

Exchanges to Universities overseas for a semester or an academic year are possible through various exchange schemes organised by the University, Faculty or Division. Credit transfer for students joining exchange programmes will be granted on a case by case basis. Depending on the transferability of credits, students may need to defer graduation after completing the exchange programmes. In order to ensure attaining the pre-requisite knowledge for smooth integration of study in the programme, students will be counselled on subject selection in the visited Universities before they leave for the exchange.

1.5 External Recognition

The programme has been granted full accreditation by the Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE).

1.6 Summer Term Teaching

Usually, there will be no summer term teaching. Industrial Centre Training or External Training may take place during the summer.

1.7 Daytime and Evening Teaching

Subjects will be offered predominantly during weekdays/Saturdays. Some subjects may be made available only in evenings or Saturdays/Sundays.

2. Rationale, Objectives and Intended Learning Outcomes of the Programme

2.1 Rationale

The aviation industry is an assembly of subsidiary industries embracing aircraft manufacturers, aircraft parts suppliers, aviation services providers, aircraft fuel providers, regulatory authorities, airports, airlines, training organizations, aircraft maintenance organizations and financial institutions.

Hong Kong is the most important regional hub and has one of the busiest airports in the world. The current serious shortage of qualified aviation professionals is a bottleneck for the sustainable growth of our aviation industry. This articulation degree programme aims at nurturing professionals with in-depth practical skills and academic knowledge in air transport engineering to serve the aircraft maintenance engineering, airline and airport operations industries. With the fast-growing aircraft engineering business in greater China, the programme is also designed as a foundation to train up potential graduates to be capable of taking up postgraduate study and R&D tasks in designing and manufacturing aircraft parts and components.

Graduates of this programme can find employment as aircraft maintenance engineers, commercial pilot, aviation operation officers, mechanical engineers, quality assurance specialists, quality and safety officers, line maintenance planners, cargo officers, maintenance controllers, engineers (civil aviation engineering) and graduate engineers.

2.2 Programme Objectives

This programme aims at producing graduates with:

1. In-depth understanding of the operation of air transport industry;
2. Fundamental knowledge of the design, manufacturing and maintenance of air vehicles;
3. Competence to handle different engineering problems practically and academically in the aviation industry;
4. Sufficient knowledge and skills to manage different projects related to the aviation sector effectively and efficiently;
5. Confidence in communicating with different parties and stakeholders by the use of state-of-the-art technologies and aviation language (both English and Chinese).

2.3 Relationship of Programme Objectives to University Mission

The University has the following mission:

- (a) To pursue impactful research that benefits the world.
- (b) To nurture critical thinkers, effective communicators, innovative problem solvers and socially responsible global citizens.
- (c) To foster a University community in which all members can excel in their aspirations with a strong sense of belonging and pride.

The following table illustrates the relationship between programme objectives and University mission:

Programme Objectives	University Mission		
	(a)	(b)	(c)
1	√	√	√
2	√	√	√
3		√	√
4		√	√

2.4 Institutional Learning Outcomes

The institutional learning outcomes are:

1. **Competent professional:** Graduates should be able to integrate and to apply in-depth discipline knowledge and specialised skills that are fundamental to functioning effectively as an entry-level professional (professional competence); understand the global trends and opportunities related to their professions (global outlook); and demonstrate entrepreneurial spirit and skills in their work, including the discovery and use of opportunities, and experimentation with novel ideas (entrepreneurship).
2. **Critical thinker:** Graduates should be able to examine and critique the validity of information, arguments, and different viewpoints, and to reach sound judgments on the basis of credible evidence and logical reasoning.
3. **Innovative problem solver:** Graduates should be able to identify and define problems in both professional and day-to-day contexts, and produce innovative solutions to solve problems.
4. **Effective communicator:** Graduates should be able to comprehend and communicate effectively in English, and Chinese where appropriate, orally and in writing, in professional and day-to-day contexts.
5. **Lifelong learner:** Graduates should be able to recognise the need for continual learning and self-improvement, and be able to plan, manage and evaluate their own learning in pursuit of self-determined goals.
6. **Ethical leader:** Graduates should have an understanding of leadership and be prepared to serve as a leader and a team player (leadership and teamwork); demonstrate self-leadership and psychosocial competence in pursuing personal and professional development (intrapersonal competence); be capable of building and maintaining relationship and resolving conflicts in group work situations (interpersonal competence); and demonstrate ethical reasoning in professional and day-to-day contexts (ethical reasoning).
7. **Socially responsible global citizen:** Graduates should have the capacity for understanding different cultures and social development needs in the local, national and global contexts (interest in culture and social development); and accept their responsibilities as professionals and citizens to society, their own nation and the world (social, national, and global responsibility).

2.5 Intended Learning Outcomes of the Programme

On successful completion of the BEng(Hons) in Air Transport Engineering programme, students will be able to:

Professional/academic knowledge and skills (PAK):

- (a) identify, formulate and solve problems in the discipline of Air Transport industry by applying knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering;
- (b) design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyze and interpret data;
- (c) design a system, component or process to meet desired needs;
- (d) use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools, including computational tools necessary for engineering practice;
- (e) work professionally in aircraft and aviation systems, including the design and realization of such systems; and
- (f) understand manufacturing methods for components of aircraft and aviation systems.

Professional outlook and workplace skills (POW):

- (a) have sufficient knowledge on contemporary issues and the broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context;
- (b) function professionally in multidisciplinary teams;
- (c) understand professional, ethical and social responsibility;
- (d) communicate effectively and professionally with different parties and stakeholders using appropriate industrial languages and tools;
- (e) recognize the need for and engage in life-long learning.

The following table illustrates the relationship between programme outcomes and programme aims:

Programme Outcomes	Programme Aims			
	1	2	3	4
PAK a	√	√	√	
PAK b	√	√	√	
PAK c	√	√	√	
PAK d		√	√	√
PAK e		√	√	√
PAK f	√	√	√	√
POW a	√	√	√	√
POW b		√	√	√
POW c			√	√
POW d		√	√	√
POW e	√	√	√	√

2.6 Relationship of Intended Learning Outcomes of the Programme to Institutional Learning Outcomes

Programme Outcomes	Institutional Learning Outcomes of PolyU						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PAK(a)	√	√	√		√		
PAK(b)	√	√	√		√	√	
PAK(c)	√	√	√		√	√	√
PAK(d)		√		√	√	√	
PAK(e)			√	√		√	√
PAK(f)	√	√	√		√	√	
POW(a)	√	√	√			√	√
POW(b)		√	√	√	√	√	
POW(c)		√	√	√	√	√	√
POW(d)		√	√	√	√	√	
POW(e)					√		√

2.7 Relationship of Intended Learning Outcomes of the Programme to the Desired Learning Outcomes of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE)

The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE) adopts 12 desired learning outcomes for an engineering degree [referenced to the “Professional Accreditation Handbook (Engineering Degrees)”, issued by the HKIE Accreditation Board in February 2013, Pages 10-11]. A comparison between the desired learning outcomes for an engineering degree programme as

proposed by the HKIE and the intended learning outcomes of the current programme is given below:

Learning Outcomes	Definition of Desired Learning Outcomes Proposed by HKIE	ILOs of the Current Programme
a	An ability to apply knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering appropriate to the degree discipline	PAK: a
b	An ability to design and conduct experiments, as well as to analyse and interpret data	PAK: b
c	An ability to design a system, components or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints, such as economic, environmental, social, political, ethical, health and safety, manufacturability and sustainability	PAK: c, f POW: c
d	An ability to function on multi-disciplinary teams	POW: b
e	An ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems	PAK: a
f	An ability to understand professional and ethical responsibility	POW: c
g	An ability to communicate effectively	POW: d
h	An ability to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global and societal context, especially the importance of health, safety and environmental considerations to both workers and the general public	PAK: e POW: a
i	An ability to stay abreast of contemporary issues	POW: a
j	An ability to recognize the need for, and to engage in life-long learning	POW: e
k	An ability to use the techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice appropriate to the degree discipline.	PAK: d, e
l	An ability to use the computer/IT tools relevant to the discipline along with an understanding of their processes and limitations	PAK: d POW: d

3. Curriculum

3.1 Programme Specified Subjects

Unless specified otherwise, all subjects in the curriculum are of standard credit value carrying 3 credits each. A student is expected to spend about 35 to 45 hours of study (inclusive of class contact and other study effort) to earn a credit. The following table lists the subjects, their credit values and the category to which they belong (Compulsory or Elective). All subjects shown as compulsory are non-deferrable and must be taken in accordance to the progression pattern. The subjects offered will be updated from time to time according to the needs of society and the profession.

Students are required to complete a minimum of 66 (9 credits for General University Requirements (GUR) and 57 credits for Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR)) or more academic credits to satisfy the graduation requirements. The exact number of academic credits required will depend on the academic background of the students. The subjects contributing to the 66 academic credits are listed in the following table.

Compulsory Subjects

Subject Code	Subject Title	Credit	Pre-requisites (if any)
General University Requirements (GUR)			
	Cluster-Area Requirement I (CAR I)	3	
	Cluster-Area Requirement II (CAR II)	3	
	Service-Learning	3	
Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR)			
AAE3001	Fundamentals of Aerodynamics	3	AMA2111 or AMA2112
AAE3002	Aircraft Structures and Materials	3	ENG2001 or ME23001 or ME33001
AAE3003	Aircraft Propulsion Systems	3	
AAE3004	Dynamical Systems and Control	3	AMA2111 or AMA2112
AAE3005	Introduction to Aircraft Design and Aviation Systems	3	
AAE3007	Air Transport Operations	2	
AAE4002	Capstone Project	6	See syllabus
AAE4004	Airworthiness and Regulations	3	
AAE4006	Flight Mechanics and Control	3	AAE3004
AAE4301	Avionics Systems	3	
CLC3243P	Chinese Communication for Aviation [^] @	2	
ELC3531	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students %@	2	Eng LCR subject(s)
ENG3004	Society and the Engineer	3	
ENG4001	Project Management	3	
ISE3009	Airport Safety and Reliability	3	
IC2133	Aircraft Manufacturing and Maintenance Fundamentals	4 (TRN)	
IC380	Integrated Aviation Engineering Project	4 (TRN)	

Electives

Subject Code	Subject Title	Credi	Pre-requisites (if any)
Aviation Services Engineering			
AAE4001	Aviation Project Management	3	
AAE4003	Airport Services Engineering	3	
AAE4007	Aircraft Leasing and Finance	3	
AAE4008	Aviation Finance, Taxation and Insurance	3	
ISE3004	Systems Modeling and Simulation	3	
ISE3013	Data Management in Aviation Industries	3	
ISE4014	Aircraft Service Engineering and Logistics	3	
Aeronautical Engineering			
AAE4105	Engineering Composites	3	AAE3002
AAE4111	Compressible Aerodynamics	3	AAE3001
AAE4201	Flight Control Systems	3	AAE3004
AAE4202	Electronics & Information Technologies for Unmanned Aerial Systems	3	
AAE4203	Guidance and Navigation	3	AAE3004 or AAE4301
AAE4304	Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems	3	
Aircraft Maintenance Engineering			
AAE4107	Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Systems	3	AAE3003 and IC2133
AAE4108	Aircraft Inspection and Testing	3	
AAE4109	Aircraft Maintenance Practices	3	
AAE4110	Aircraft Propeller	3	IC2133
Pilot Ground Theory			
AAE4304	Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems	3	
AAE4902	Pilot Ground Theory	3	
AAE4903	Human Factor in Aviation	3	
AAE4904	Meteorology in Aviation	3	

Notes

AAE Interdisciplinary Division of Aeronautical and Aviation Engineering
 CLC Chinese Language Centre
 ELC English Language Centre
 ENG Faculty of Engineering
 IC Industrial Centre
 ISE Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering
 ME Department of Mechanical Engineering
 TRN Training credits

^ waived for non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below.

% Students who are English native speakers would be considered for credit transfer based upon their previous qualifications.

@ Students who have been waived the DSR English and Chinese language requirements have to take one more 3-credit elective to fulfil the credit requirements for graduation.

3.2 Normal Progression Pattern

This section outlines the normal 2-year study pattern for the programme. It is for students who meet the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree Language and Communication Requirements (LCR) (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programme and their academic performance). Students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR will be required to take additional 9 credits LCR subjects. Details on the Undergraduate Degree LCR subjects are given in paragraph 5.15.4 and 5.15.5 of this document.

Year One (33 + 4 training Credits)	
Semester 1 (19 credits + 2 or no training credit)	Semester 2 (15 + 2 or 4 training credits)
AAE3001 Fundamentals of Aerodynamics	AAE3003 Aircraft Propulsion Systems
AAE3002 Aircraft Structures and Materials	AAE3007 Air Transport Operations (2 credits)
AAE3004 Dynamical Systems and Control	AAE4301 Avionics Systems
AAE3005 Introduction to Aircraft Design and Aviation Systems	ENG3004 Society and the Engineer
CLC3243P Chinese Communication for Aviation (2 credits) <i>DSR Chinese</i>	ISE3009 Airport Safety and Reliability
ELC3531 Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students (2 credits) <i>DSR English</i>	IC380 Integrated Aviation Engineering Project (4 training credits) <i>[for students not selected HKAR147 stream]</i>
CAR I ^	
IC2133 Aircraft Manufacturing and Maintenance Fundamentals (4 training credits) <i>[for students selected HKAR147 stream]</i>	
Summer Internship (Optional)	
Year Two (33 credits)	
Semester 1 (18 credits)	Semester 2 (15 credits)
AAE4004 Airworthiness & Regulations	AAE4006 Flight Mechanics and Control
Elective 1	ENG4001 Project Management
Elective 2	Elective 3
CAR II ^	Elective 4
Service Learning ^	
AAE4002 Capstone Project (6 credits)	

Elective Subject Pool^^

Students are required to select four subjects from a pool of electives as shown in the table below.

Streams	Elective Subjects
1. Aviation Services Engineering	1. AAE4001 Aviation Project Management 2. AAE4003 Airport Services Engineering 3. AAE4007 Aircraft Leasing and Finance 4. AAE4008 Aviation Finance, Taxation and Insurance 5. ISE3004 Systems Modeling and Simulation 6. ISE3013 Data Management in Aviation Industries 7. ISE4014 Aircraft Service Engineering and Logistics

Streams	Elective Subjects
2. Aeronautical Engineering	1. AAE4105 Engineering Composites 2. AAE4111 Compressible Aerodynamics 3. AAE4201 Flight Control Systems 4. AAE4202 Electronics & Information Technologies for Unmanned Aerial Systems 5. AAE4203 Guidance and Navigation 6. AAE4204 Robotics and Intelligent Machines 7. AAE4304 Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems
3. Aircraft Maintenance Engineering <i>[priority will be given to students who opt for HKAR-147 training]</i>	1. AAE4107 Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Systems 2. AAE4108 Aircraft Inspection and Testing 3. AAE4109 Aircraft Maintenance Practices 4. AAE4110 Aircraft Propeller
4. Introduction to Pilot Ground Theory	1. AAE4304 Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems 2. AAE4902 Pilot Ground Theory 3. AAE4903 Human Factors in Aviation 4. AAE4904 Meteorology in Aviation

^^ The elective subjects are updated from time to time to cope with the needs of the industry. Not all subjects will be offered in each semester. Since there is a minimum planned class size for each subject, the subject hosting departments have the discretion to cease the offering of subjects which fail to enroll students up to the minimum class size.

3.3 Work-Integrated Education (WIE)

In accordance with the University regulations, all full-time UGC-funded undergraduate degrees should fulfill the mandatory requirement of Work-integrated Education (WIE). WIE is "work-based learning experiences which take place in an organizational context relevant to a student's future profession, or the development of generic skills that will be valuable in that profession." It offers students the opportunity to learn to connect classroom theory with practical workplace applications through on-the-job work placements. In order to graduate from this programme, students are required to spend at least 2 weeks of full-time WIE training before graduation. Following the Faculty of Engineering's guideline, students will be awarded one WIE training credit for acquiring every two weeks' full-time training. WIE training credit will not be counted towards the Grade Point Average (GPA) or the Weighted GPA (WGPA).

Possible activities, subject to prior approval by the Programme Leader, to fulfill WIE requirements are as follows:

- Internship opportunities organized by the Division/Careers and Placement Section (CPS) of the Student Affairs Office (SAO)
- Summer placement in industrial/commercial sector
- Placement in industrial /commercial sector during the period of deferment of study/zero-subject enrolment
- Capstone Project which involves an external client or industrial partner
- Conduct in a form proposed by students with the prior approval of the Programme Leader

3.4 Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Industrial Centre (IC) training is aimed at providing students hands-on experience on dealing with different engineering projects under the supervision of academic and technical staff at the Industrial Centre (IC) of the University. They are graded in the same manner as other taught subjects from A+ to F and will be counted in the Grade Point Average (GPA).

However, they will not be counted towards the credit requirement of the award or contribute to the Award/Weighted GPA. Students must pass the IC training stipulated in the curriculum in order to be considered for the award.

3.5 Summer Internship

The University encourages students to take summer internship offered by relevant industrial sectors to provide them practical insight on how the industry works and practices in a specific aviation sector. The internship programme normally takes place for three months starting from June to August. Some students may spend this period to attend training arranged by the industry or prepare for licensed paper examination if necessary. Continued works done by the students may be possible to proceed to their final year capstone project if approval is sought from the Programme Leader.

3.6 Capstone Project

All students are required to complete a final year project (group-based) which is counted for 6 academic credits. The aim of the project is to provide students an opportunity to utilize and integrate their knowledge of air transport engineering to solve real life problems related to the aviation industry. Students are encouraged to complete an industry-related project in the field of air transport engineering which may cover the areas of aircraft maintenance engineering, aircraft design and modification, logistics engineering, flight planning and scheduling, system design and modification and etc.

3.7 Curriculum Map

The following matrix shows the contribution of each discipline-specific subject to the programme outcomes through teaching (T), practice (P) and measurement (M).

Curriculum Map for Core Subjects with PLOs

Subject Code	Programme Learning Outcomes (PLOs) of the ATE Programme											
	PAK						POW					
	a	b	c	d	e	f	a	b	c	d	e	
AAE3001	TPM			TPM								
AAE3002	TP	TPM	TPM			TPM						
AAE3003				TP			TPM		TPM			
AAE3004	TPM	TPM					TPM					
AAE3005			TPM		TP	TPM						
AAE3007				TPM	TPM			TP	TPM			TPM
AAE4002	TPM	TPM	TP	TPM	TP	TP	TP	TPM	TP	TPM	TPM	TPM
AAE4004					TPM		TPM	TPM				
AAE4006			TPM	TPM				TPM				TPM
AAE4301		TP		TPM	TP	TPM					TPM	
CLC3243P					TP						TPM	
ELC3531											TPM	

Subject Code	Programme Learning Outcomes (PLOs) of the ATE Programme										
	PAK						POW				
	a	b	c	d	e	f	a	b	c	d	e
ENG3004							TPM		TPM		TPM
ENG4001				TPM			TP		TPM	TPM	TP
ISE3009					TPM		TP	TPM	TPM		
IC2133				TPM	TPM	TPM		TP		TP	TP
IC380				TPM	TPM	TPM		TP		TP	TP

Curriculum Map for Elective Subjects with PLOs

Subject Code/Title	Programme Learning Outcomes of the AE Programme												
	PAK						POW						
	a	b	c	d	e	f	a	b	c	d	e		
Aviation Services Engineering													
AAE4001 Airport Services Engineering				TP	TP					TP			
AAE4003 Airport Services Engineering				TP	TP					TP			
AAE4007 Aircraft Leasing and Finance		TP				TP			TP	TP		TP	
AAE4008 Aviation Finance, Taxation and Insurance					TP				TP		TP	TP	
ISE3004 Systems Modeling and Simulation		TP	TP	TP							TP		
ISE3013 Data Management in Aviation Industries	TP						TP		TP		TP		
ISE4014 Aircraft Service Engineering and Logistics	TP			TP						TP			
Aeronautical Engineering													
AAE4105 Engineering Composites	TP	TP					TP			TP		TP	
AAE4111 Compressible Aerodynamics	TP			TP									
AAE4201 Flight Control Systems					TP	TP						TP	
AAE4202 Electronics and Information Technologies for Unmanned Aerial Systems	TP		TP	TP			TP	TP					
AAE4203 Guidance and Navigation	TP			TP			TP				TP	TP	
AAE4204 Robotics and Intelligent Machines	TP		TP	TP								TP	
AAE4304 Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems	TP			TP				TP		TP			
Aircraft Maintenance Engineering													
AAE4107 Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Systems	TP					TP	TP	TP					
AAE4108 Aircraft Inspection and Testing	TP			TP					TP	TP			
AAE4109 Aircraft Maintenance Practices	TP			TP					TP	TP			
AAE4110 Aircraft Propeller	TP					TP	TP	TP					
Introduction to Pilot Ground Theory													
AAE4902 Pilot Ground Theory						TP					TP	TP	TP
AAE4304 Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems	TP			TP				TP					
AAE4903 Human Factors in Aviation			TP		TP			TP		TP			
AAE4904 Meteorology in Aviation	TP			TP					TP		TP		

4. Management and Operation

4.1 Departmental Undergraduate Programme Committee

The Departmental Undergraduate Programme Committee (DUPC) will exercise the overall academic and operational responsibility for the programmes and their development within defined policies, procedures and regulations.

4.2 Programme Executive Group

The day-to-day operation of the programme will be carried out by the Programme Executive Group, which consists of the Programme Leader and Deputy Programme Leader. The Group reports back to the Divisional Undergraduate Programme Committee.

4.3 Student-Staff Consultative Group

A Student-Staff Consultative Group (SSCG) is set up as the formal channel for soliciting student feedback. It consists of student representatives and teaching colleagues of the programme. The Group is normally chaired by the Programme Leader/Deputy Programme Leader. It meets on a need basis and should meet at least once every semester to discuss student workload, teaching and learning methods, balance between subject areas, training matters and other areas of mutual concern, and to report and make recommendations to the DUPC when necessary

4.4 Academic Advising

Academic advising at PolyU aims to help students to make informed and intelligent academic decisions/choices about their study at PolyU that suit their intellectual, professional and personal goals. It is instrumental to promoting student success, and plays a vital role in enhancing students' overall learning experience at PolyU. The specific objectives are:

1. To build up an early connection between the students and their home departments, and to promote their sense of affiliation to the department and the University
2. To provide students with accurate information about the academic regulations and requirements regarding their programme, as well as the GUR
3. To assist students to explore their interests, abilities and values on academic pursuits, and formulate appropriate intellectual, professional and personal goals
4. To provide advice and guidance to students that enables them to develop and pursue a study plan for their study appropriate for meeting their intellectual, professional and personal goals
5. To connect students to resources, opportunities and support within and outside the University that enhance their educational experiences and success

All full-time undergraduate students will be assigned to one full-time academic staff from his/her Major Department who will act as his/her academic advisor throughout his/her course of study at PolyU.

The main responsibilities of the academic advisor will include:

- Building rapport with the students, serving as a bridge that connects them to the department;
- Being accessible and available to students, and responding to their questions and concerns;

- Helping student to consider and clarify their intellectual, professional and personal goals;
- Clarifying to students academic regulations and requirements, particularly those relating to the Major;
- Identifying students with special learning needs or early signs of learning problems, and referring/encouraging them to seek help or support.

Effective academic advising requires an active participation of student advisees in the processes. It is important that students understand it is their responsibilities to:

- Understand the academic regulations and requirements of their chosen Major/programme, as well as the GUR requirements;
- Actively obtain information and seek out advisors and resources on a regular basis and as needed;
- Take the final responsibility for making decisions and choices regarding their academic study based on the information and advice given.

5. Academic Regulations

The academic regulations described below are based on the information known as of August 2020. They are subject to review and changes from time to time. Students will be informed of the changes as and when appropriate. Important information relating to students' studies is also published in the Student Handbook (website: <https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ar/web/en/for-polyu-students/student-handbook/index.html>).

5.1 Subject Registration and Withdrawal

- 5.1.1 In addition to programme registration, students need to register for the subjects at specified periods prior to the commencement of the semester. An add/drop period will also be scheduled for each semester / term. Students may apply for withdrawal of their registration on a subject after the add / drop period, if they have a genuine need to do so. The application should be made to the relevant programme offering department and will require the approval of both the subject teacher and the host department Programme Leader concerned (or an alternate academic staff authorised by the programme offering department). Applications submitted after the commencement of the examination period will not be considered. For approved applications of subject withdrawal, the tuition fee paid for the subject will be forfeited and the withdrawal status of the subject will be shown in the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, but will not be counted in the calculation of the GPA.
- 5.1.2 The pre-requisite requirements of a subject must have been fulfilled before a student registers for that subject. However, the subject offering department has the discretion to waive the pre-requisite requirements of a subject, if deemed appropriate. If the pre-requisite subject concerned forms part of the requirements for award, the subject has to be passed in order to satisfy the graduation requirements for the programme concerned, despite the waiving of the pre-requisite.
- 5.1.3 Subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of study places, students are allowed to take additional subjects on top of the prescribed credit requirement for award before they become eligible for graduation. Students will be allowed to take additional subjects for broadening purpose, after they fulfil the graduation requirements and for the following semester. However, they will still be subject to the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester and the availability of places in the subjects concerned, and their enrolment will be arranged as subject-based students only and be subject to the rules on 'Admission of Subject-based Students', except that graduates from UGC-funded programmes will not be restricted to taking only subjects from a self-financed programme. For students of full-time programmes, they can take additional subjects from within or outside their programme curriculum. Students can choose freely from those subjects which are available for selection (unless they are barred because of pre-requisites).

5.2 Study Load

- 5.2.1 For students following the progression pattern specified for their programme, they have to take the number of credits, as specified in the *Programme Requirement Document*, for each semester. Students cannot drop those subjects assigned by the department unless prior approval has been given by the department.
- 5.2.2 The normal study load is 15 credits in a semester for full-time study. The maximum study load to be taken by a student in a semester is 21 credits, unless exceptional approval is given by the Head of the programme offering department. For such cases, students should be reminded that the study load approved should not be taken as grounds for academic appeal.

- 5.2.3 To help improve the academic performance of students on academic probation, these students will be required to take a reduced study load in the following semester (Summer Term excluded). The maximum number of credits to be taken by the students varies according to the policies of individual departments and will be subject to the approval of the relevant authorities.
- 5.2.4 Students are not allowed to take zero subject in any semester, including the mandatory summer term as required by some programmes, unless they have obtained prior approval from the programme offering department; otherwise they will be classified as having unofficially withdrawn from their programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject will nevertheless be counted towards the total period of registration.
- 5.2.5 Students who have obtained approval to pace their studies and students on programmes without any specified progression pattern who wish to take more than the normal load of 15 credits in a semester should seek advice from the department concerned before the selection of subjects.

5.3 Subject Exemption

Students may be exempted from taking any specified subjects, including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects, if they have successfully completed similar subjects previously in another programme or have demonstrated the level of proficiency/ability to the satisfaction of the subject offering department. If students are exempted from taking a specified subject, the credits associated with the exempted subject will not be counted towards meeting the award requirements (except for exemptions granted at admission stage). It will therefore be necessary for the students to consult the programme offering department and take another subject in order to satisfy the credit requirements for the award.

5.4 Credit Transfer

- 5.4.1 Students may be given credits for recognised previous studies (including mandatory General University Requirements (GUR) subjects; and the credits will be counted towards meeting the requirements for award. Transferred credits may not normally be counted towards more than one degree. The granting of credit transfer is a matter of academic judgment.
- 5.4.2 Credit transfer may be done with or without the grade being carried over; the former should normally be used when the credits were gained from PolyU. Credit transfer with the grade being carried over may be granted for subjects taken from outside the University, if deemed appropriate, and with due consideration to the academic equivalence of the subjects concerned and the comparability of the grading systems adopted by the University and the other approved institutions. Subject credit transfer is normally decided by the subject offering department. However, for applications which are submitted by students who have completed an approved student exchange programme, the decision will be made by the programme offering department in consultation with the subject offering departments.
- 5.4.3 The validity period of credits previously earned, is 8 years after the year of attainment. Normally, not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferable from approved institutions outside the University. For transfer of credits from programmes offered by PolyU, normally not more than 67% of the credit requirement for award can be transferred. In cases where both types of credits are being transferred (i.e. from programmes offered by

PolyU and from approved institutions outside the University), not more than 50% of the credit requirement for award may be transferred.

- 5.4.4 If a student is waived from a particular stage of study on the basis of advanced qualifications held at the time of admission, the student concerned will be required to complete fewer credits for award. For these students, the exempted 'deducted' credits at admission stage will be counted towards the maximum limit for credit transfer when students apply for further credit transfer after their admission. This also applied to students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum when they claim further credit transfer after admission.
- 5.4.5 All credit transfers approved will take effect only in the semester for which they are approved. A student who applies for transfer of credits during the re-enrolment or the add/drop period of a particular semester will only be eligible for graduation at the end of that semester, even if the granting of credit transfer will immediately enable the student to satisfy the credit requirement for the award.
- 5.4.6 For credit transfer of retaken subjects, the grade attained in the last attempt should be taken in the case of credit transfer with grade being carried over. Students applying for credit transfer for a subject taken in other institutions are required to declare that the subject grade used for claiming credit transfer was attained in the last attempt of the subject in their previous studies. If a student fails in the last attempt of a retaken subject, no credit transfer should be granted, despite the fact that the student may have attained a pass grade for the subject in the earlier attempts.
- 5.4.7 Students should not be granted credit transfer for a subject which they have attempted and failed in their current study.
- 5.4.8 For students admitted to an Articulation Degree or Senior Year curriculum, irrespective of the entry qualifications they held when applying for admission to the programmes, are required to complete at least 60 credits to be eligible for award.

5.5 Zero Subject Enrolment/Deferment of study

- 5.5.1 Students are not allowed to have zero subject registration in any semester without prior approval from the programme offering department. Students failing to get prior approval for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) will be regarded as having unofficially withdrawn from the programme. Students who have been approved for zero subject enrolment (i.e. taking zero subject in a semester) are allowed to retain their student status and continue using campus facilities and library facilities. Any semester in which the students are allowed to take zero subject enrolment will nevertheless be counted towards the total period of registration. Students will be responsible for ensuring that they complete their studies within the total period of registration. A fee for retention of study place will be charged.
- 5.5.2 Students may apply for deferment of study if they have a genuine need to do so such as illness or posting to work outside Hong Kong. Approval from the department offering the programme is required. The deferment period will not be counted towards the total period of registration.
- 5.5.3 Application for deferment of study from students who have not yet completed the first year of a full-time programme will only be considered in exceptional circumstances.
- 5.5.4 Where the period of deferment of study begins during a stage for which fees have been paid, no refund of such fees will be made.

- 5.5.5 Students who have been approved for deferment are not entitled to enjoy any campus facilities during the deferment period.

5.6 General Assessment Regulations

- 5.6.1 Students progress by credit accumulation, i.e. credits earned by passing individual subjects can be accumulated and counted towards the final award.
- 5.6.2 A 'level' in a programme indicates the intellectual demand placed upon students and may characterise each subject with respect to its recommended sequencing within that programme. Upper level subjects should normally build on lower level subjects. Pre-requisite requirements, if any, must therefore be spelt out on a subject basis.
- 5.6.3 A 'subject' is defined as a discrete section of the programme which is assigned a separate assessment. A list of subjects, together with their level and weightings, shall be published in the *Programme Requirement Document*.
- 5.6.4 The language of assessment shall be English, unless approval is given for it to be otherwise.

5.7 Principles of Assessment

- 5.7.1 Assessment *of* learning and assessment *for* learning are both important for assuring the quality of student learning. Assessment *of* learning is to evaluate whether students have achieved the intended learning outcomes of the subjects that they have taken and have attained the overall learning outcomes of the academic programme at the end of their study at a standard appropriate to the award. Appropriate methods of assessment that align with the intended learning outcomes should be designed for this purpose. The assessment methods will also enable the teacher to differentiate students' different levels of performance within the subject. Assessment *for* learning is to engage students in productive learning activities through purposefully designed assessment tasks.
- 5.7.2 Assessment will also serve as feedback to students. The assessment criteria and standards should be made explicit to students before the start of the assessment to facilitate student learning, and feedback provided should link to the criteria and standards. Timely feedback should be provided to students so that they are aware of their progress and attainment for the purpose of improvement.
- 5.7.3 The ultimate authority in the University for the confirmation of academic decisions is the Senate, but for practical reasons, the Senate has delegated to the Faculty/School Boards the authority to confirm the decisions of Boards of Examiners provided these are made within the framework of the General Assessment Regulations. Recommendations from Board of Examiners which fall outside these Regulations shall be ratified by the Academic Regulations Committee (ARC) and reported to the Senate.

5.8 Assessment Methods

- 5.8.1 Students' performance in a subject is assessed by continuous assessment and/or examinations, at the discretion of the individual subject offering department. Where both methods are used, the weighting of each in the overall subject grade is clearly stated. The subject offering department can decide whether students are required to pass both the continuous assessment and examination components, or either component only, in order to obtain a subject pass, but this requirement (to pass both, or either, components) shall be specified. Learning outcome should be assessed by continuous assessment and/or examination appropriately, in line with the outcome-based approach.

- 5.8.2 Continuous assessment may include tests, assignments, projects, laboratory work, field exercises, presentations and other forms of classroom participation. Continuous Assessment assignments which involve group work should nevertheless include some individual components therein. The contribution made by each student in continuous assessment involving a group effort shall be determined and assessed separately, and this can result in different grades being awarded to students in the same group.
- 5.8.3 Assessment methods and parameters of subjects shall be determined by the subject offering department.
- 5.8.4 At the beginning of each semester, the subject teacher will inform students of the details of the assessment methods to be used within the assessment framework as specified in this document.

Assessment Rubrics

- 5.8.5 Rubrics must be specified for all major assessment items at the subject level, made available to students before the assessment, and used for grading the assessment. Departments have the flexibility to determine what is 'major'. As a rule of thumb:
- For subjects without examinations, rubrics should be required for single assessment items with a weighting of 30% or above of the subject's overall assessment.
 - For subjects with examinations, rubrics should be required for single assessment items with a weighting of 20% or above of the subject's overall assessment.
- 5.8.6 There is no fixed format for rubrics. Any format (e.g., analytic, holistic) is acceptable as long as it clearly defines the main grades (i.e. A, B, C, D, Fail for subjects using letter grades or "pass" or "fail" for subjects which are assessed on a pass/fail basis) in a way that is understandable to students and is adhered to by teachers in grading.

5.9 Progression/Academic Probation/Deregistration

- 5.9.1 The Board of Examiners shall, at the end of each semester (except for Summer Term unless there are students who are eligible to graduate after completion of Summer Term subjects or the Summer Term study is mandatory for the programme), determine whether each student is
- (i) eligible for progression towards an award; or
 - (ii) eligible for an award; or
 - (iii) required to be deregistered from the programme.

When a student has a Grade Point Average (GPA) (see para. 5.13.3 below) lower than 1.70, he will be put on academic probation in the following semester. If a student is able to pull his GPA up to 1.70 or above at the end of the semester, the status of "academic probation" will be lifted. The status of "academic probation" will be reflected in the examination result notification but not in the transcript of studies.

- 5.9.2 A student will have 'progressing' status unless he falls within any one of the following categories which may be regarded as grounds for deregistration from the programme:
- (i) the student has reached the final year of the normal period of registration for the programme, as specified, *Programme Requirement Document*, unless approval has been given for extension; or
 - (ii) the student has reached the maximum number of retakes allowed for a failed compulsory subject; or

- (iii) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for two consecutive semesters and his Semester GPA in the second semester is also lower than 1.70; or
- (iv) the student's GPA is lower than 1.70 for three consecutive semesters.

When a student falls within any of the categories as stipulated above, except for category (i) with approval for extension, the Board of Examiners shall de-register the student from the programme without exception.

- 5.9.3 A student may be de-registered from the programme enrolled before the time frame specified in para. 5.9.2(iii) and (iv) above if his academic performance is poor to the extent that the Board of Examiners deems that his chance of attaining a GPA of 1.70 at the end of the programme is slim or impossible.
- 5.9.4 The progression of students to the following academic year will not be affected by the GPA obtained in the Summer Term, unless Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme and constitutes a requirement for graduation, and is so specified in the *Programme Requirement Document*.

5.10 Retaking of Subjects

- 5.10.1 Students may only retake a subject which they have failed (i.e. Grade F or S or U). Retaking of subjects is with the condition that the maximum study load of 21 credits per semester is not exceeded.
- 5.10.2 The number of retakes of a subject should be restricted to two, i.e. a maximum of three attempts for each subject is allowed.
- 5.10.3 In cases where a student takes another subject to replace a failed elective subject, the fail grade will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the replacement subject. Likewise, undergraduate or sub-degree students who fail a Cluster Area Requirement (CAR) subject may need to take another subject from the same Cluster Area in order to fulfill this part of the GUR, since the original CAR subject may not be offered; in such cases, the fail grade for the first CAR subject will be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA, despite the passing of the second CAR subject.*Note 1*

Note 1 In these circumstances when students do not have a choice to retake a failed subject, such as when the failed subject has been phased out, a 'tie-subject' arrangement can be made with the approval of the Faculty/School Board. Under the arrangement, another appropriate subject can be taken as equivalent to the subject which is not offered. Upon passing the equivalent subject, the fail grade of the original subject will be replaced by the latest grade of the retake subject and the failure grade of the original subject will not be taken into account in the calculation of the GPA.

- 5.10.4 Students need to submit a request to the Faculty/School Board for the second retake of a failed subject.
- 5.10.5 Students who have failed a compulsory subject after two retakes and have been deregistered can submit an appeal to the Academic Appeals Committee (AAC) for a third chance of retaking the subject.
- 5.10.6 In relation to 5.10.5 above, in case AAC does not approve further retakes of a failed compulsory subject or the taking of an equivalent subject with special approval from the Faculty, the student concerned would be de-registered and the decision of the AAC shall be final within the University.

5.11 Appeal Against Assessment Results/De-registration Decisions by the Board of Examiners

A student may appeal against the decision of the Board of Examiners within a stipulated period after the public announcement of the examination results (this refers to the date when results are announced to students via the web). Students should refer to the Student Handbook for details on the appeal procedures.

5.12 Exceptional Circumstances

Absence from an assessment component

- 5.12.1 If a student is unable to complete all the assessment components of a subject, due to illness or other circumstances which are beyond his control and considered by the subject offering department as legitimate, the department will determine whether the student will have to complete a late assessment and, if so, by what means. This late assessment shall take place at the earliest opportunity, and normally before the commencement of the following academic year (except that for Summer Term, which may take place within 3 weeks after the finalisation of Summer Term results). If the late assessment cannot be completed before the commencement of the following academic year, the Faculty/School Board Chairman shall decide on an appropriate time for completion of the late assessment.
- 5.12.2 The student concerned is required to submit his/her application for late assessment in writing to the Head of Department offering the subject, within five working days from the date of the examination, together with any supporting documents. Approval of applications for late assessment and the means for such late assessments shall be given by the Head of Department offering the subject or the subject teacher concerned, in consultation with the Programme Leader.

Assessment to be completed

- 5.12.3 For cases where students fail marginally in one of the components within a subject, the BoE can defer making a decision until the students concerned have completed the necessary remedial work to the satisfaction of the subject examiner(s). The remedial work must not take the form of re-examination.

Aegrotat award

- 5.12.4 If a student is unable to complete the requirements of the programme in question for the award due to very serious illness, or other very special circumstances which are beyond his control, and considered by the Board of Examiners as legitimate, the Faculty/School Board will determine whether the student will be granted an aegrotat award. Aegrotat award will be granted under very exceptional circumstances.
- 5.12.5 A student who has been offered an aegrotat award shall have the right to opt either to accept such an award, or request to be assessed on another occasion to be stipulated by the Board of Examiners; the student's exercise of this option shall be irrevocable.
- 5.12.6 The acceptance of an aegrotat award by a student shall disqualify him from any subsequent assessment for the same award.
- 5.12.7 An aegrotat award shall normally not be classified, and the award parchment shall not state that it is an aegrotat award. However, the Board of Examiners may determine whether the award should be classified, provided that they have adequate information on the students' academic performance.

Other particular circumstances

5.12.8 A student's particular circumstances may influence the procedures for assessment, but not the standard of performance expected in the assessment.

5.13 Grading

5.13.1 Assessment grades shall be awarded on a criterion-referenced basis. A student's overall performance in a subject shall be graded as follows:

Subject grade	Short description	Elaboration on subject grading description
A+ A A-	Excellent	Demonstrates excellent achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to skillfully use concepts and solve complex problems. Shows evidence of innovative and critical thinking in unfamiliar situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
B+ B B-	Good	Demonstrates good achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to use appropriate concepts and solve problems. Shows the ability to analyse issues critically and make well-grounded judgements in familiar or standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a logical and comprehensive manner.
C+ C C-	Satisfactory	Demonstrates satisfactory achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Shows some capacity for analysis and making judgements in a variety of familiar and standard situations, and is able to express the synthesis or application of ideas in a manner that is generally logical but fragmented.
D+ D	Pass	Demonstrates marginal achievement of intended subject learning outcomes by being able to solve relatively simple problems. Can make basic comparisons, connections and judgments and express the ideas learnt in the subject, though there are frequent breakdowns in logic and clarity.
F	Fail	Demonstrates inadequate achievement of intended subject learning outcomes through a lack of knowledge and/or understanding of the subject matter. Evidence of analysis is often irrelevant or incomplete.

'F' is a subject failure grade, whilst all others ('D' to 'A+') are subject passing grades. No credit will be earned if a subject is failed.

Indicative descriptors for modifier grades

Main Grade (solid)	The student generally performed at this level, indicating mastery of the subject intended learning outcomes at this level.
+ (exemplary)	The student consistently performed at this level and exceeded the expectations of this level in some regards, but not enough to claim mastery at the next level.
- (marginal)	The student basically performed at this level, but the performance was inconsistent or fell slightly short in some regards.

Note: The above indicative descriptors for modifier grades are not applicable to the pass grades D and D+

5.13.2 A numeral grade point is assigned to each subject grade, as follows:

<i>Grade</i>	<i>Grade Point</i>
A+	4.3
A	4.0
A-	3.7
B+	3.3
B	3
B-	2.7
C+	2.3
C	2
C-	1.7
D+	1.3
D	1.0
F	0.0

5.13.3 At the end of each semester/term, a Grade Point Average (GPA) will be computed as follows, and based on the grade point of all the subjects:

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_n \text{Subject Grade Point} \times \text{Subject Credit Value}}{\sum_n \text{Subject Credit Value}}$$

where n = number of all subjects (inclusive of failed subjects) taken by the student up to and including the latest semester/term. For subjects which have been retaken, only the grade point obtained in the final attempt will be included in the GPA calculation

In addition, the following subjects will be excluded from the GPA calculation:

- (i) Exempted subjects
- (ii) Ungraded subjects
- (iii) Incomplete subjects
- (iv) Subjects for which credit transfer has been approved, but without any grade assigned¹
- (v) Subjects from which a student has been allowed to withdraw (i.e. those with the code 'W')

Subject which has been given an "S" code, i.e. absent from all assessment components, will be included in the GPA calculation and will be counted as "zero" grade point. GPA is thus the unweighted cumulative average calculated for a student, for all relevant subjects taken from the start of the programme to a particular point of time. GPA is an indicator of overall performance, and ranges from 0.00 to 4.30.

5.13.4 For programmes with training components, whether these training credits will be counted in the GPA calculation will be decided by the programme offering department.

¹ Subjects taken in PolyU or elsewhere and with grades assigned, and for which credit transfer has been approved, will be included in the GPA calculation.

5.14 Different Types of GPA's

- 5.14.1 GPA's will be calculated for each Semester including the Summer Term. This Semester GPA will be used to determine students' eligibility to progress to the next Semester alongside with the 'cumulative GPA'. However, the Semester GPA calculated for the Summer Term will not be used for this purpose, unless the Summer Term study is mandatory for all students of the programme concerned and constitutes part of the graduation requirements.
- 5.14.2 The GPA calculated after the second Semester of the students' study is therefore a 'cumulative' GPA of all the subjects taken so far by students, and without applying any level weighting.
- 5.14.3 Along with the 'cumulative' GPA, a weighted GPA will also be calculated, to give an indication to the Board of Examiners on the award classification which a student will likely get if he makes steady progress on his academic studies.
- 5.14.4 When a student has satisfied the requirements for award, an award GPA will be calculated to determine his award classification.

5.15 University Graduation Requirements

- 5.15.1 To be eligible for the award of BEng(Hons) in Air Transport Engineering, an Articulation Degree award under the 4-year full-time undergraduate curriculum, a student must:
- (i) Complete successfully 66 credits.
 - (ii) Satisfy all the 'compulsory' and elective' requirements
 - (ii) Earn a cumulative GPA of 1.70 or above at graduation.
 - (iii) Complete successfully the mandatory WIE component and stipulated IC training requirements.
 - (iv) Satisfy the residential requirement for at least one-third of the credits required for the award
 - (v) Satisfy the following GUR requirements:

Areas	Credits
▪ Language and Communication Requirements (LCR)	9 (see Note 1)
▪ Service-Learning	3
▪ Cluster-Area Requirements (CAR) 6 credits chosen from the following 4 cluster areas <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Human Nature, Relations and Development ○ Community, Organisation and Globalisation ○ History, Cultures and World Views ○ Science, Technology and Environment and of which <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 2 subjects (usually 3 credits per subject) are from different cluster area; ○ Need to fulfil the English and Chinese reading and writing requirements; and ○ Minimum of 3 credits should be in the subjects designated as 'China-related' for fulfilling the China Studies requirement (CSR) 	6 (see Note 2)
Total GUR credits	18

Note 1: Only those students not meeting the equivalent standard of the Undergraduate Degree LCR (based on their previous studies in AD/HD programmes and their academic performance) will be required to take degree LCR subjects (as stated in 5.15.4 and 5.15.5 below) on top of the normal curriculum requirement. Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

Note 2: Students may apply for a waiver if they have fulfilled the English and Chinese reading and writing requirements and/or CSR requirement in their previous studies.

(vi) Satisfy any other requirements as specified in the *Programme Requirement Document* of the award and as specified by the University.

5.15.2 There are subjects which are designed to fulfil the credit requirement of different types of subject. Students passing these subjects will be regarded as having fulfilled the credit requirements of the particular types of subject concerned. Nevertheless, the subject passed will only be counted once in fulfilling the credit requirements of the award, and the students will be required to take another subject in order to meet the total credit requirement of the programme concerned. Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training) will not be counted to fulfill free elective requirement for graduation purpose.

Language and Communication Requirements (LCR) Subjects

5.15.3 LCR comprises four major components of the overall English and Chinese language requirements as described below in order to be eligible for graduation:

- (i) Language and Communication Requirements (LCR) in English (6 credits) and Chinese (3 credits), as stated in 5.15.4 and 5.15.5 below;
- (ii) Writing Requirement, as stated in 5.15.6 below;
- (iii) Reading Requirement, as stated in 5.15.7 below; and
- (iv) Discipline-Specific Language Requirement, as stated in 5.15.8 below.

English

5.15.4 All undergraduate students must successfully complete two 3-credit English language subjects as stipulated by the University, according to their English language proficiency level (Table 1). These subjects are designed to suit students' different levels of English language proficiency at entry, as determined by their HKDSE score or the English Language Centre (ELC) entry assessment (when no HKDSE score is available, e.g. in the case of non-local students).

Students entering the University with specified attainment grades in certain public examinations can be given credit transfer or exemption for one or both English LCR subjects.

Table 1: English LCR subjects (each 3 credits)

English language competence level / Subject	Practical English for University Studies	English for University Studies	Any LCR Proficient level elective subject in English (Table 2)
HKDSE Level 4 and above or equivalent	--	Subject 1	Subject 2
HKDSE Level 3 or equivalent	Subject 1	Subject 2	--

Table 2: Proficient level elective subjects for DSE Level 4 students and above (or equivalent) (each 3 credits)

	Subject Title
LCR Proficient level elective subjects	Advanced English for University Studies
	Advanced English Reading and Writing Skills
	English in Literature and Film
	Persuasive Communication

(The above framework and credit transfer and exemption arrangements will also apply to students on UGC-funded articulation degree programmes, Senior Year curriculum and Higher Diploma programmes, where applicable.)

Chinese

- 5.15.5 All undergraduate students are required to successfully complete one 3-credit Chinese language subject as stipulated by the University, according to their Chinese language proficiency level.

Table 3: Chinese LCR subjects (each 3 credits)

Categories of students	Subject Title
For Chinese speaking students	University Chinese (Cantonese or Putonghua version)
For non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below	One subject from Table 4

Table 4: Chinese LCR Subjects for non-Chinese speakers or students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below

Subject (3 credits)	Pre-requisite/exclusion
Chinese I (for non-Chinese speaking students)	For non-Chinese speaking students at beginners' level
Chinese II (for non-Chinese speaking students)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For non-Chinese speaking students; and • Students who have completed Chinese I or equivalent
Chinese III (for non-Chinese speaking students)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels; and • Students who have completed Chinese II or equivalent
Chinese IV (for Non-Chinese speaking students)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For non-Chinese students at intermediate competence levels; and • Students who have completed Chinese III or equivalent
Chinese Literature – Linguistics and Cultural Perspectives (for non-Chinese speaking students)	For non-Chinese speaking students at higher competence levels

Students who have obtained verified qualifications or certain results in some public examinations [e.g. HKDSE, HKALE, JEE, GSAT(Taiwan)] may be granted credit transfer/exemption for the Chinese LCR subject.

(The above framework and credit transfer and exemption arrangements will also apply to students on UGC-funded articulation degree programmes, Senior Year curriculum and Higher Diploma programmes, where applicable.)

Writing Requirement

- 5.15.6 In addition to the LCR in English and Chinese explained above, all students must also, among the Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR) subjects they take (see para. 5.15.10 below), pass one subject that includes the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in English and one subject with the requirement for a substantial piece of writing in Chinese.

Reading Requirement

- 5.15.7 All students must, among the CAR subjects they take, pass one subject that includes the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in English and one subject with the requirement for the reading of an extensive text in Chinese.

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the Writing Requirement (with a "W" designation) and for meeting the Reading Requirement (with an "R" designation) is shown at: <https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/>

Non-Chinese speakers and those students whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will by default be exempted from the DSR - Chinese and CAR - Chinese Reading and Writing requirements. However, this group of students would still be required to take one Chinese LCR subject to fulfil their Chinese LCR.

Discipline-Specific Language Requirement

- 5.15.8 In addition to the LCR and Reading and Writing Requirements, students also have to complete 4 credits of discipline-specific language requirements (2 credits in English and 2 credits in Chinese) as specified in the curriculum requirements of their Major.

Students who are non-Chinese speakers or those whose Chinese standards are at junior secondary level or below will be exempted from the Discipline-Specific Chinese Language requirement. These students must take another subject (except Level-0 subjects and training subjects (including clinical/field training)) to make up for the total credit requirement.

Service-Learning

- 5.15.9 All students must successfully complete one 3-credit subject designated to meet the Service-Learning Requirement, in which they are required to (i) participate in substantial community service or civic engagement activities that will benefit the service users or the community at large in a meaningful way, (ii) apply the knowledge and skills acquired from their Major or other learning experiences at the University to the community service activities, and (iii) reflect on their service learning experience in order to link theory with practice for the development of a stronger sense of ethical, social and national responsibility.

These subjects may take the form of:

- An open-to-all GUR service-learning subject
- A GUR service-learning subject targeted at a particular student group (e.g. a Broad Discipline), or
- A customised DSR subject (core or elective) within the Major/Minor with all the required features and components to meet the Service-Learning Requirement.

Students who have satisfied the Service-Learning Requirement via a customised DSR subject will be required to take another 3-credit subject to make up for the total credit requirement.

A list of designated subjects for meeting the service-learning requirement is available at: <https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/>

Cluster Areas Requirement (CAR)

5.15.10 To expand students' intellectual capacity beyond their disciplinary domain and to enable them to tackle professional and global issues from a multidisciplinary perspective, students are required to successfully complete two 3-credit subjects chosen from the following four Cluster Areas:

- Human Nature, Relations and Development
- Community, Organisation and Globalisation
- History, Culture and World Views
- Science, Technology and Environment

and of which

- 2 subjects (usually 3 credits per subject) are from different cluster area;
- Need to fulfil the English and Chinese reading and writing requirements; and
- Minimum of 3 credits should be in the subjects designated as 'China-related'

A list of CAR subjects under each of the four Cluster Areas is available at: <https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/>

China Studies Requirement

5.15.11 Of the 6 credits of CAR described in para. 5.15.10 above, students are required to successfully complete a minimum of 3 credits on CAR subjects designated as "China-related". The purpose is to enable students to gain an increased understanding of China (e.g. its history, culture and society, as well as emerging issues or challenges).

A list of approved CAR subjects for meeting the China Studies Requirement is available at: <https://www.polyu.edu.hk/ogur/GURSubjects/>

5.16 Guidelines for Award Classification

5.16.1 In using these guidelines, the Board of Examiners shall exercise its judgement in coming to its conclusions as to the award for each student, and where appropriate, may use other relevant information.

5.16.2 The Weighted GPA will be used as a guide to help determine award classifications. It is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Weighted GPA} = \frac{\sum \text{Subject Grade Point} \times \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_i}{\sum \text{Subject Credit Value} \times W_i}$$

where W_i = weighting to be assigned according to the level of the subject
 n = number of all subjects counted in GPA calculation as set out in para. 5.13.3, except those exclusions specified in para. 5.16.3.

For calculating the weighted GPA (and award GPA) to determine the Honours classification of students who satisfy the graduation requirements of Bachelor's degree awards, a University-wide standard weighting will be applied to all subjects of the same level, with a weighting of 2 for Level 1 and 2 subjects, a weighting of 3 for Level 3 and 4 subjects. Same as for GPA, Weighted GPA ranges from 0.00 to 4.30 from 2020/21.

- 5.16.3 Any subjects passed after the graduation requirement has been met or subjects taken on top of the prescribed credit requirements for award shall not be taken into account in the grade point calculation for award classification. However, if a student attempts more elective subjects (or optional subjects) than those required for graduation in or before the semester in which he/she becomes eligible for award, the elective subjects (or optional subjects), except for subjects which are selected by students to fulfill the free electives requirement for graduation, with a higher grade/contribution shall be included in the grade point calculation (i.e. the excessive subjects attempted with a lower grade/contribution, including failed subjects, will be excluded).

5.17 Classification of Awards

- 5.17.1 For Honours degree programmes, the awards will be classified as follows:

First Class Honours
 Second Class Honours (Division 1)
 Second Class Honours (Division 2)
 Third Class Honours

- 5.17.2 The following are guidelines for Boards of Examiners' reference in determining award classifications:

<i>Honours Degrees</i>	<i>Guidelines</i>
First Class Honours	The student's performance/attainment is outstanding, and identifies him as exceptionally able in the field covered by the programme in question.
Second Class Honours (Division 1)	The student has reached a standard of performance/ attainment which is more than satisfactory but less than outstanding.
Second Class Honours (Division 2)	The student has reached a standard of performance/ attainment judged to be satisfactory, and clearly higher than the 'essential minimum' required for graduation.
Third Class Honours	The student has attained the 'essential minimum' required for graduation at a standard ranging from just adequate to just satisfactory.

- 5.17.3 Under exceptional circumstances, a student who has completed an Honours degree programme, but has not attained Honours standard, may be awarded a Pass-without-Honours degree. A Pass-without-Honours degree award will be recommended, when the student has demonstrated a level of final attainment which is below the 'essential minimum' required for graduation with Honours from the programme in question, but when he has nonetheless covered the prescribed work of the programme in an adequate fashion, while failing to show sufficient evidence of the intellectual calibre expected of Honours degree graduates. For example, if a student in an Honours degree programme has a Grade Point Average (GPA) of 1.70 or more, but his Weighted GPA is less than 1.70, he may be considered for a Pass-without-Honours classification. A Pass-without-Honours is an unclassified award, but the award parchment will not include this specification.
- 5.17.4 Students who have committed academic dishonesty or non-compliance with examination regulations will be subject to the penalty of the lowering of award classification by one level. For undergraduate students who should be awarded a Third class Honours degree, they will

be downgraded to a Pass-without-Honours. The minimum of downgraded overall result will be kept at a Pass.

5.17.5 The following are the award GPA ranges for determining award classifications:

<i>Honours classification</i>	<i>Award GPA</i>
First Class Honours	3.60 - 4.30
Second Class Honours (Division 1)	3.00 - 3.59
Second Class Honours (Division 2)	2.40 - 2.99
Third Class Honours	1.70 - 2.39

Decisions by the Boards of Examiners on award classifications to be granted to each student on completion of the programme shall be ratified by the Faculty Board. For cases the decisions of which do not conform to the above indicative GPA range, they should be referred, by the Faculty Board, to the APRC for ratification.

5.18 Recording of Disciplinary Actions in Students' Records

5.18.1 With effect from Semester One of 2015/16, disciplinary actions against students' misconducts will be recorded in students' records.

5.18.2 Students who are found guilty of academic dishonesty will be subject to the penalty of having the subject result concerned disqualified and be given a failure grade with a remark denoting 'Disqualification of result due to academic dishonesty'. The remark will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification and transcript of studies, until their leaving the University.

5.18.3 Students who have committed disciplinary offences (covering both academic and non-academic related matters) will be put on 'disciplinary probation'. The status of 'disciplinary probation' will be shown in the students' record as well as the assessment result notification, transcript of studies and testimonial during the probation period, until their leaving the University. The disciplinary probation is normally one year unless otherwise decided by the Student Discipline Committee.

5.18.4 The University reserves the right to withhold the issuance of any certificate of study and an award parchment to a student who has unsettled matters with the University, or subject to disciplinary action.

5.19 Graduation

A student is required to graduate as soon as he/she satisfies the graduation requirements as stipulated in para. 5.15 above. The student concerned is required to apply for graduation, in the semester in which he/she is able to fulfil all his/her graduation requirements, and after the add/drop period for that semester has ended.

PART B SUBJECT SYLLABI

Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR)

Compulsory Subjects

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3001
Subject Title	Fundamentals of Aerodynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-Requisite: AMA2111 Mathematics I OR AMA2112 Mathematics II
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To develop students' knowledge in the fundamentals of aerodynamics. 2. To provide student's insight on airflow characteristics flowing through the aircraft. 3. To develop the students' capability in designing aerofoil with the consideration of different wind factors.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Obtain fundamental knowledge in the area of aerodynamics primarily in inviscid and incompressible flow with viscous effect confined to boundary layers. b. Apply their knowledge, skills and hand-on experience to the analysis of aerodynamics, lift and drag on simple geometries and thin airfoils. c. Extend their knowledge of mechanical engineering to different situations of engineering context and professional practice in aerodynamics. d. Recognize the need for and an ability to engage in life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Introduction to Aerodynamics</i> - aerodynamics variables, forces and moments.</p> <p><i>Review of Fluid Mechanics</i> -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Basic Concepts of Fluid Mechanics</i> – Properties of a Fluid. Streamlines, Streaklines, and Pathlines. Angular Velocity, Vorticity, and Strain. Viscosity. Compressibility. Types of flow – continuum versus free molecule flow, inviscid versus viscous flow, incompressible versus compressible flow, Mach number flow regimes. An introduction to viscous boundary layers • <i>Fluid Statics</i> – Fluid Pressure. Pascal's Law and Pressure-Height Relation; Hydrostatic Forces on Submerged Surfaces. Buoyancy and Stability. • <i>Fundamental Principles and Equations</i> – Control Volumes and Fluid Elements. Substantial Derivative. The Reynolds Transport Theorem. Continuity Equation. Momentum Equation. Energy Equation. Euler's Equation. Bernoulli's Equation.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dimensional Analysis – The Buckingham’s Pi Theorem. Flow Similarity. Dimensionless Numbers: Mach, Reynolds, Prandtl, and Froude Numbers. <p>Inviscid, Incompressible Flow - Bernoulli equation; flow in a duct – venturi and low- speed wind tunnel. Pitot tube measurement of airspeed. Irrotational flow. Circulation. Stream function and velocity potential. Laplace equation and elementary solutions – uniform flow, source, sink, doublet, non-lifting and lifting flow over cylinder, vortex flow; Kutta-Joukowski theorem on circulation and lift.</p> <p>Incompressible Flow over Airfoils - Airfoil nomenclature and characteristics; Kutta condition; circulation and lift; Kelvin circulation theorem and starting vortex; thin airfoil theory; viscous airfoil drag.</p> <p>Incompressible Flow over Finite Wings - downwash and induced drag; vortex system on finite wing; law on vortex motion; Prandtl’s lifting line theory.</p>																													
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The teaching and learning methods include lectures, homework assignments, test, and examination. 2. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for aerodynamics. 3. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class. 4. Experiments or CFD projects are used to evaluate the lift and drag of streamline objects and airfoils. <table border="1" data-bbox="533 1234 1426 1480"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lectures</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reading assignment, experiments and project</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tests</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Exam</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lectures	✓	✓	✓	✓	Reading assignment, experiments and project	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tests	✓	✓	✓	✓	Exam	✓	✓	✓	
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Tests	✓	✓	✓	✓																										
Exam	✓	✓	✓																											

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weightin g	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
			a	b	c	d
	1. Reading assignment and Project	15%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	2. Tests	20%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	3. Experiments/Projects	15%	✓	✓	✓	✓
	4. Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	
	Total	100%				
<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The assessment is comprised of 50% continuous assessment (reading assignment/project, experiments, and tests) and 50% examination. The continuous assessment consists of the reading assignment and tests. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students' study, assisting them in self-monitoring of fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt. The examination is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes. 						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	Lecture					33 Hrs.
	Lab/Project					6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:					
	Self Study					67 Hrs.
	Total student study effort					106 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Munson, B.R, Young, D. F., Okiishi, T. H., Huebsch, W. W., Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Anderson J. D., Fundamentals of Aerodynamics. McGraw-Hill, latest edition. Kuethe A. M., Chow C-Y, Fundamentals of Aerodynamics: Bases of Aerodynamic Design, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., latest edition. 					

February 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3002
Subject Title	Aircraft Structures and Materials
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: ENG2001 Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering, or ME23001 Engineering Mechanics, or ME33001 Mechanics of Materials
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To provide students key knowledge relevant to aircraft structures and materials. 2. To provide students an overview of the composites used in modern aircraft. 3. To provide students with stress analysis tools to formulate and solve engineering problems related to aircraft structures and materials.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Demonstrate a good understanding of key aspects of aircraft structures. b. Analyze and assess aircraft structures subject to various types of loading using stress analysis tools and failure criteria. c. Comprehend characteristics of various materials used in aircraft. d. Understand mechanical behaviors of composite materials used in aircraft.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Characteristics of Aircraft Structures</i> - Aircraft structural elements. Wing, fuselage, tail and landing gear.</p> <p><i>Fundamentals of Aircraft Materials and Joints</i> - Material fundamentals. Metallic alloys. Composites. Riveting. Aircraft fasteners. Adhesive joint.</p> <p><i>Stress Analysis</i> - Stress and strain. Equations of equilibrium. Principal stresses. Linear stress-strain relations.</p> <p><i>Loads Applied on Aircraft</i> - Compression and tension. Torsion. Bending. Membrane stresses in pressure vessels. Flexural shear in closed thin-walled sections. Buckling of columns. Loads and stresses on ribs and frames. Aircraft structures under combined loading.</p> <p><i>Failure Criteria for Isotropic Materials</i> - Strength criteria for brittle materials. Yield criteria for ductile materials. Stress concentration. Fatigue. Fractures. Corrosion of materials and prevention.</p> <p><i>Heat Treatment Processes</i> - Heat treatment of metals. Surface treatment.</p> <p><i>Fundamentals of Aircraft Composites</i> - Mechanical behavior of composite materials. Processing and Fabrication techniques for aircraft composites.</p>

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Lectures and tutorials are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft structures and materials (outcomes a to d). <table border="1" data-bbox="432 271 1417 539"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="432 271 730 405">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4" data-bbox="730 271 1417 331">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="432 331 730 405"></td> <th data-bbox="730 331 906 405">a</th> <th data-bbox="906 331 1082 405">b</th> <th data-bbox="1082 331 1257 405">c</th> <th data-bbox="1257 331 1417 405">d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="432 405 730 472">Lectures</td> <td data-bbox="730 405 906 472">✓</td> <td data-bbox="906 405 1082 472">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1082 405 1257 472">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1257 405 1417 472">✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="432 472 730 539">Tutorials</td> <td data-bbox="730 472 906 539">✓</td> <td data-bbox="906 472 1082 539">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1082 472 1257 539">✓</td> <td data-bbox="1257 472 1417 539">✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes					a	b	c	d	Lectures	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tutorials	✓	✓	✓	✓														
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tutorial 				6 Hrs.																																		
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Self Study 				45 Hrs.																																		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Case study report preparation and presentation 				21 Hrs.																																		
	Total student study effort				105 Hrs.																																		
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. C.T. Sun, Mechanics of Aircraft Structures, John Wiley & Sons, latest edition. 2. T.H.G. Megson, Aircraft Structures for Engineering Students, Elsevier, latest edition. 3. R.F. Gibson, Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, McGraw-Hill International Editions, latest edition. 																																						

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3003
Subject Title	Aircraft Propulsion Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of advanced aerodynamics and application in modern gas-turbine engines.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. obtain state-of-the-art knowledge in the area of aerodynamics and propulsion systems; b. apply their knowledge, skills and hand-on experience to the design and analysis of propulsion systems; c. extend their knowledge of mechanical engineering to different situations of engineering context and professional practice in propulsions systems; and d. recognize the need for and an ability to engage in life-long learning.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Introduction to Propulsion</i> - fluid momentum, reaction force, rockets, propellers, turbojets, turboprop, turbofans.</p> <p><i>Review of Thermodynamics</i> - mass, momentum and energy conservation laws; first and second laws; entropy equation; and perfect gas.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Concepts of Thermodynamics – Thermal Properties. The First Law of Thermodynamics. p-v-T Relation. Ideal Gas Model. • The Second Law of Thermodynamics – The Kelvin-Planck and Clausius Statements. Reversible and Irreversible Processes. Carnot Cycle. The Clausius Inequality. Entropy. Isentropic Processes. Isentropic Efficiencies. • Vapour and Gas Power Systems –Rankine Cycle. Superheat and Reheat. Air Standard Otto and Diesel cycles. Air-Standard Brayton Cycle. <p><i>Steady-state, One-dimensional (1D), Compressible Flow</i> - Quasi-1D flow of perfect gas; isentropic and non-isentropic flow; stagnation concept.</p> <p><i>Propulsion Basics</i> - thrust equations, thermal and propulsion efficiencies, fuel consumption rate and specific thrust, engine performance, aircraft range.</p> <p><i>Cycle Analysis and Engine Performances</i> - ramjet, turbojet, turbofan, turboprop, and turbo-shaft engines.</p> <p><i>Subsystems</i> – 1. Inlets, 2. Turbomachinery - basics of compressors and turbines, 3. combustors, and nozzles.</p> <p><i>Modern Aircraft Engines</i> - High-by-pass engines.</p>

Teaching/Learning Methodology	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The teaching and learning methods include lectures, homework assignments, test, and examination. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for propulsion systems. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class. Experiments or CFD projects are designed to evaluate the propulsion system. <table border="1" data-bbox="432 488 1458 981"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lectures</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Homework assignments</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Experiments/Projects</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tests</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Exam</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lectures	✓	✓	✓	✓	Homework assignments	✓	✓	✓	✓	Experiments/Projects	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tests	✓	✓	✓	✓	Exam	✓	✓	✓	
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Lab/Project	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self Study	67 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Thermodynamics: An Engineering Approach, 8th Edition, 2014, by Yunus A. Cengel and Michael A. Boles. McGraw-Hill Education 2. Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion, 2nd Ed., 1992. Philip Hill & Carl Peterson. Pearson/Addison-Wesley Publishing Co. 3. Aircraft Engines and Gas Turbines, 2nd Edition, 1992. Jack Kerrebrock. MIT Press. 4. Elements of Propulsion: Gas Turbine and Rockets, 2nd Edition, 2006. Jack Mattingl., AIAA. 5. Elements of Gas Turbine Propulsion, (1st Edition) 1996. Jack Mattingly. McGraw-Hill. 6. Jet Engines: Fundamentals of Theory, Design and Operation, 2005. Klaus Huenecke. Zenith Press. 7. Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Technology, 3rd ed., 1997. Irwin E. Treager. McGraw-Hill. 	

February 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3004
Subject Title	Dynamical Systems and Control
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AMA2111 Mathematics I or AMA2112 Mathematics II
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To introduce basic concepts and methods of feedback control and automatic control systems. 2. To introduce the mathematical modeling of physical elements in dynamic systems. 3. To provide with a basic understanding of behaviour of first- and second-order systems due to typical inputs, and concepts of time-domain specifications. 4. To introduce the basic concepts of frequency response and frequency domain specifications. 5. To introduce feedback control and its application to improve the overall system behaviour. 6. To present the basic concepts of proportional-and-integral-and-derivative control, and the setting of control parameters to meet the system goals.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Find the transfer function for a system composed of mechanical and other physical components or given the block diagram of a system. Predict the output response of a first- or second-order system both in time and frequency domains subject to typical input signals. b. Understand how the system dynamic behaviour is related to system specifications and how it can be improved according to these specifications using some combination of parameter tuning and feedback control. c. Describe how changes in parameter values will affect the stability of a control system, and apply Routh-Hurwitz criterion to find the parameter range for stability. d. Understand basic applications of proportional, integral and derivative feedbacks in control systems to improve performance or stability.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Dynamic Responses of First-Order and Second-Order Systems</i> - Mathematical modeling of dynamic systems (elements or interconnection of elements) by differential equations, critical parameters of first-order and second-order systems, system response analysis due to step, ramp and impulse inputs using Laplace transform.</p> <p><i>Frequency Response of First-Order and Second-Order Systems</i> - Harmonic response, Bode diagrams, frequency domain specifications, frequency response applications.</p> <p><i>Fundamental Methods of Feedback Control</i> - Analysis of open-loop and closed-loop systems, transfer functions, block diagrams, time-domain specifications, time-domain analysis of control systems, system stability, Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion.</p>

Basic Feedback Controller- Automatic controllers, P, PD, PID controllers, Steady state error.

Lab sessions:
 There are two 2-hour lab sessions.
 Typical tasks:
 1. Control systems analysis and design using time-domain method
 2. Control systems analysis and design using frequency-response method
 3. Control systems design using PID

Teaching/Learning Methodology

The teaching and learning methods include lectures, tutorials and laboratory experiments.

The lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding and analyzing dynamic systems and fundamental feedback control.

The tutorials aim at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples on system modelling, dynamic response of linear systems, and performance and stability of control systems will be involved. Students will be able to solve real-world problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class.

The experiments will provide the students with hand-on experience on the instrumentation and measurement of physical variables such as motor speed and water level, and their control. It also trains students in the analysis and presentation of experimental data.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes			
	a	b	c	d
Lecture	√	√	√	√
Lab		√	√	√

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
		a	b	c	d
1. Class tests and reports	25%	√	√	√	√
2. Home work	25%	√	√	√	√
3. Examination	50%	√	√	√	√
Total	100%				

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:
 Overall Assessment:
 0.50 x End of Subject Examination + 0.50 x Continuous Assessment

	<p>Assessment: Assignments, laboratory reports, and tests are adopted in continuous assessment on students' timely feedback to and on-going understanding of the course. The students' overall understanding of the course and ability in applying the delivered knowledge are further assessed through a formal examination.</p>	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	35 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratory	4 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self-study	42 Hrs.
	▪ Homework assignment	15 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratory report	6 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	106 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. K. Ogata, Modern Control Engineering, Prentice Hall, latest edition. 2. N.S. Nise, Control Systems Engineering, John Wiley, latest edition. 	

December 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3005
Subject Title	Introduction to Aircraft Design and Aviation Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>To develop students' knowledge on the components and operating principles of essential mechanical, electrical and avionics systems in civil transport aircraft.</p> <p>To provide students an overview of the components of aviation systems.</p> <p>To develop students' understanding of the up-to-date operational concepts, technology applications and practices in aviation industry.</p>
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. understand key aircraft systems including flight control system, fuel system, propulsion system, hydraulic system, electrical systems, avionics system, environmental control system, pneumatic system, and emergency system; b. explain the relationship among major aviation systems; c. understand air traffic management, flight standards, airworthiness provided by regulatory bodies, and accident investigation; d. demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Atmospheric Condition</i> - Properties of air. The Earth's atmosphere. Standard atmosphere. Atmospheric wind and turbulence.</p> <p><i>Flight Control Systems</i> - Principles of flight control. Primary and secondary flight controls.</p> <p><i>Powerplant and Fuel Systems</i> - Aircraft engine. Turbojet engine. Characteristics of aircraft fuel systems.</p> <p><i>Hydraulic Systems and Pneumatic Systems</i> – Hydraulic systems in aircraft and their applications. Landing-gear system. Braking and anti-skid. Use of bleed air. Bleed air control. Thrust reversers.</p> <p><i>Electrical Systems</i> - Civil aircraft electrical system. Electrical power generation. Motor and Actuators. Electrical loads.</p> <p><i>Avionics Systems</i> – Regulatory and Advisory Agencies related to avionics systems. Fundamentals of airborne communication systems. Basic principles of terrestrial radio navigation and landing aids.</p>

	<p>Environmental Control Systems - Environmental control system design, Lighting, Air conditioning. Cabin pressurization.</p> <p>Land Gear Systems - Aircraft landing gear, gear arrangement, retraction and detraction, structures and tyres.</p> <p>Emergency Systems - Emergency power generation. Battery system. Warning systems. Fire detection and suppression.</p> <p>Aviation Systems – Key aviation system components. Relationship among various components. Flight planning. Flight simulator. Airport operation. Airline management.</p> <p>Aviation Authorities, Air Agreements and Government Flying Service - Key aviation authorities. Bi-lateral agreement. Air transportation agreements. Role of Government Flying Service.</p> <p>Air Traffic Control – Radar fundamentals & basic surveillance systems, e.g. ATCRBS.</p> <p>Academic Integrity – An online <i>Tutorial on Academic Integrity</i> on or before Week 4 of the semester.</p>																																		
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures and tutorials are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to various aircraft systems and aviation systems (outcomes a to c).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="536 1104 1471 1317"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lectures</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorials</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcomes			a	b	c	1. Lectures	✓	✓	✓	2. Tutorials	✓	✓	✓																			
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	<p>Overall Assessment:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$0.5 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.5 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$</p> <p>Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by the tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provide timely feedbacks to both lecturers and students on various topics of the syllabus.</p>	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self Study	45 Hrs.
	▪ Case study report preparation and presentation	21 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I. Moir and A.G. Seabridge, Design and Development of Aircraft Systems – An Introduction, First Edition, AIAA Education Series, 2004. 2. Richard De Neufville. Airport Systems: Planning, Design, and Management, McGraw-Hill, 2003. 3. Jon D. Fricker and Robert K. Whitford, Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering: A Multimodel Systems Approach, Prentice-Hall, 2004. 4. Helfrick A, Principles of Avionics, 7th Edition, Avionics Communications, 2012. 	

June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE3007
Subject Title	Air Transport Operations
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide an overview of air transport operations to a diverse audience that has an interest in the development of careers in aviation and to develop students' understanding of the up-to-date operational concepts and practices.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: a. identify and explain mandatory airworthiness requirements; b. describe the aviation environmental impact and published mitigating measures; c. explain the roles of the International Civil Aviation Organization and the International Air Transport Association in fostering safe and efficient air transport.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Airline Organization</i> - Air Operator's Certificate. Route planning. Engineering operations. Flight operations. Take-off and landing minima. Reduced vertical separation minima. Aviation security training.</p> <p><i>Airport Operations</i> - Overview of airport planning and operations. Passenger and cargo terminal operations. Maintenance of electrical, mechanical and electronic systems. Safety management on airport operations. Operation and development of airport facilities. Air traffic controls. Aviation security and Runway system design.</p> <p><i>Aviation and the Environment</i> - Environmental impacts of aviation – aircraft emissions and noise. HK CAD noise abatement departure and noise mitigating measures.</p> <p><i>International Associations</i> - International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO). Airport Council International (ACI). International Air Transport Association (IATA).</p>
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to various aspects of aviation systems (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Group mini-projects are used to help students to deepen their knowledge on a specific topic through search of information, analysis of data and report writing (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Special seminar(s) delivered by invited industrial professionals may be used to relate the concepts learnt in class to current engineering practices. Students are</p>

	<p>expected to achieve better understanding of aviation operations through this activities (outcomes a to c).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="517 273 1267 667"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mini-project</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Seminar</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes			a	b	c	Lecture	√	√	√	Tutorial	√	√	√	Mini-project	√	√	√	Seminar	√	√	√										
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	22 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial / Seminar	4 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Course work	14 Hrs.
	▪ Self-study	30 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	70 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Richard De Neufville. Airport Systems: Planning, Design, and Management, McGraw-Hill, latest edition. 2. HK Government. Air Navigation (Hong Kong) Order, latest amendment. 3. HK CAD. Aeronautical Information Publication, latest update. 	

Revised in October 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4002
Subject Title	Capstone Project
Credit Value	6
Level	4
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: The student should have completed most of the subjects required in previous years of the programme before taking this subject. The enrollment of this subject is subjected to the approval of the Project Coordinator.
Objectives	To provide students an opportunity to utilize and integrate their knowledge of air transport engineering in a team effort to solve real life problems related to the aviation industry.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Understand the workflow of airport/airline/aircraft engineering operations. b) Conduct literature review, apply knowledge and up-to-date technologies to design, engineer and solve engineering problems in the aviation industry. c) Work effectively in a team, contribute individually in a multi-disciplinary/functional team, and apply project management technique to ensure successful completion of the project. d) Understand the importance of life-long learning and perform literature review to upkeep with the state-of-the-art aviation technologies. e) Effectively and professionally communicate with different parties and stakeholders.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>A project team consisting normally of three students will be expected to complete an industry-related project or an academic-related project in the field of air transport engineering, which may cover the areas of aircraft maintenance engineering, aircraft design and modification, logistics engineering, flight planning and scheduling, system design and modification.</p> <p>The team of students is expected to go through the following stages of work:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problem identification • Literature review • Methodology of study • Project execution • Report writing • Project presentation
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>The project is trained through guided studies. Each team of students is allocated a project title, objectives, description, and a project supervisor and an industrial supervisor (if applicable), who guide the team through the various stages of the project. For industrial-related projects, one academic and one industrial supervisor will be assigned to each student team.</p> <p>Student team working on industrial-related projects may be eligible for</p>

fulfilling WIE requirement. To be eligible, student shall demonstrate frequent contact and close involvement with the industrial supervisor and/or industrial organization, and submit the necessary WIE required documentations.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	a	b	c	d	e
Site visit	√				
Guided study	√	√	√	√	√
Oral presentation					√
Report writing			√		√

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
		a	b	c	d	e
1. Continuous monitoring	10	√	√	√	√	√
2. Interim report	20	√	√	√	√	√
3. Final report	50	√	√	√	√	√
4. Oral examination	20	√	√			√
Total	100 %					

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Overall Assessment: 1.0 x continuous assessment

Performance of each student is individually assessed together with the team's overall performance by the supervisor(s), an independent assessor, and their team members, based on their working attitude, quality of works, and report writing. Their communication skill is assessed through the oral presentation by an oral examination panel of at least two academic staff.

As a part of the assessment process, each group member is required to specify his/her own contribution to the project, and estimate and compared to the contribution of his/her teammates via peer assessment.

The supervisor conducts continuous monitoring of the project team as a whole and of each group member. The supervisor monitors and assesses the overall and individual progresses through regular meetings and guided studies. In case of an industrial-based project, comments from the industrial supervisor is invited, but he/she is not be required to perform the formal assessment.

Both the project supervisor and the independent assessor assess the interim report and the final report. Based on the peer assessment, due

	<p>consideration of each student's individual contribution to the project at these two stages will be taken into account. In case of an industrial-based project, comments from the industrial supervisor may be invited but he/she is not be required to perform the formal assessment.</p> <p>In the oral examination, every team member is required to present the project especially on his/her significant contributions, and address the questions by the oral examination panel. Marks for oral examination is awarded to individual student by taking into account the group's overall performance.</p>	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Guided study	52 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Conducting project	99 Hrs.
	▪ Literature review and private study	66 Hrs.
	▪ Training (Report writing)	26 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	243 Hrs.
Reading List and References	To be advised by supervisor	

June 2018

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4004
Subject Title	Airworthiness and Regulations
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	This subject aims at providing students basic understanding of the aircraft airworthiness that has to be considered as a coherent process from the design of aircraft to the monitoring of its technical condition in airline service. This subject covers both the technical aspects of certification and the legal and economic implications. Different airworthiness requirements and regulations for civil aircraft under CAA, FAA, JAR and ICAO regulations are introduced. The purpose of the subject is to prepare students fundamental knowledge in aviation airworthiness and regulations to work in the aircraft manufactures, and aviation authorities in the future.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Familiarize aircraft airworthiness including both the technical aspects of certification and the legal and economic implications; b) Analyze types of qualification tests for onboard systems and equipment, certificate process, procedure and implementation; and c) Understand transport safety, quality approval and concept, maintenance procedures and continuing airworthiness.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>General - Convention on International Civil Aviation; Annexes 1, 6, 7, 8, 16 and 19; State of Design, State of Manufacture, State of Registry and State of the Operator; Classification of aircraft; Registration of aircraft and Noise Certification.</p> <p>Type Certification of Aircraft - Design aspects of airworthiness requirements for aeroplanes, helicopters, engines and propellers in terms of Flight, Structure, Design and Construction, Tests and Inspection, Rotors and Powerplant, Systems and Equipment, Operating Limitations and Information, Crashworthiness and Cabin Safety, Operating Environment and Human Factors, and Security; Proof of compliance of applicable airworthiness requirements; Type Certificate; and Supplementary Type Certificate.</p> <p>Production - Aircraft Production; Production Approval.</p> <p>Certificate of Airworthiness - Issuance and continued validity of a Certificate of Airworthiness; Flight manual; Weight and balance of aircraft; Certification in International Air Transport; Safety of Complex Systems and Temporary loss of airworthiness.</p> <p>Design and Manufacturing of Products other than Aircraft - Type validation/acceptance of engines and associated equipment; Design and production approval of aircraft equipment and accessories; Approval of radio apparatus; Parts Manufacturing Approval.</p>

Continuing Airworthiness of Aircraft - Responsibilities of Contracting States in respect of continuing airworthiness; Airworthiness Directives; and Aircraft leasing.

Aircraft Maintenance - Maintenance Steering Group (MSG-3); Maintenance Review Board Report; Maintenance Planning Data; Maintenance Programme; Condition Monitoring and Reliability Programme; Modification and Repair; Certificate of Return to Service; Certificate of Maintenance Review;

Changes to Type Design - Classification of modification and repairs; Flight testing; Certificate of Fitness for Flight; Permit to Fly; Responsibilities of Type Design organization and aircraft operator; changes to approved documents.

Maintenance Support Arrangement - Requirements of Air Operator's Certificate; Operational Specifications; Maintenance Agreement; and Minimum Equipment List; Approval of Aircraft Maintenance Organization and Aircraft Maintenance Training Organization; Licensing of Aircraft Maintenance Personnel and In Service Reporting System.

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures are used to deliver the knowledge of airworthiness to the students. Site visits will be arranged to provide them the real insight of aircraft maintenance procedure and airport operations. Industrial experts will be invited to share their experience and provide case studies to the students.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
		a	b	c
1.Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓
2. Assignment	20%	✓		✓
3. Reports and presentation (Case Study)	20%	✓	✓	✓
Total	100 %			

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Overall Assessment:
 $0.6 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.4 \text{ Continuous Assessment}$

Examination is adopted to assess students' understanding on aircraft regulations, maintenance process and procedure and basic airworthiness related information. Site visits are used to provide the students real insight on aircraft maintenance process and opportunities to communicate with aviation professionals in the field. Case study report provides the students self-study opportunity to study and analyze different cases of aircraft problems related to airworthiness.

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	30 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorials	9 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Assignments	20 Hrs.
	▪ Report	60 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	119 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hong Kong Aviation Requirements. 2. Airport Planning & Management. Edited by Alexander T. Wells, latest Edition, McGraw Hill. 3. Aircraft Safety: Accident Investigations, Analyses & Applications. Edited by Shari Stamford Krause, latest Edition, McGraw Hill. 	

December 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4006
Subject Title	Flight Mechanics and Control Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3004 Dynamical Systems and Control
Objectives	To provide students with a deep understanding of flight dynamics, static and dynamic stability and feedback control systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Formulate equations of motion of a rigid symmetric aircraft. b. Analyze equilibrium and stability for fixed-wing aircraft. c. Explain the basic modes of motion of and related mechanism of fixed-wing aircraft. d. Design automatic flight control systems using linearized equations of motion.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Introduction – Mathematical tools for flight mechanics and control, configuration aerodynamics, flight performance, components of an automatic flight control system.</p> <p>Flight Dynamics –Reference frames, aircraft equation of motion, static equilibrium and trim, lift and pitching moment, control force, static longitudinal and lateral stability, linearized equation of motion, longitudinal dynamics, lateral-directional dynamics, maneuvering flight.</p> <p>Aerodynamic Stability and Control – Flying qualities requirements, stability and control derivatives, stability of longitudinal dynamics, stability of lateral-directional dynamics.</p> <p>Flight Control Systems Design and Analysis – Design of a flight control system based on linearized equations of motion, analyze the open loop response of the flight control system, analyze the closed-loop response of the flight control system, analyze the closed-loop stability.</p>

Teaching/Learning Methodology

Lectures aim at providing students with an integrated knowledge required for understanding aircraft performance, static stability, dynamic stability and feedback control. Theories and examples will be presented to cover the syllabus on general equations of motion for aircraft, models of aircraft, and conditions for equilibrium, linearization and solution of equations of motion. This forms the basis for analysis of trajectories, modes of motion as well as control analysis and synthesis.

Tutorials aim at enhancing the analytical skills of the students. Examples will be provided to teach students the skills of solving different flight mechanics and control problems using the knowledge of dynamic system and feedback control techniques. Students will be able to solve real-life problems using the knowledge they acquired in the class.

Experiments will provide students with experience in simulating the aircraft motion and how its configuration affects stability and control. The students are motivated to make assumptions to simplify a flight mechanics problem and then develop an automatic flight control system. These experiments are designed to train students how to apply theories to practical applications, how to analyze and present experimental data.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes			
	a	b	c	d
1. Lecture	√	√	√	√
2. Laboratory		√	√	√
3. Tutorial	√	√	√	√

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
		a	b	c	d
1. Homework assignment	20%	√	√	√	√
2. Laboratory	10%		√	√	√
3. Report	20%		√	√	√
4. Examination	50%	√	√	√	√
Total	100 %				

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

Overall Assessment:

$$0.5 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.5 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$$

Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability to apply the concepts. It is supplemented by tests, assignments and laboratory reports which provided timely feedback to both lecturers and the students on various topics of the syllabus.

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratory/Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self-study	45 Hrs.
	▪ Homework assignment	12 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratory report	12 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	108 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stevens, B. L. and Lewis F. L., Aircraft Control and Simulation, John Wiley & Sons, latest edition. 2. Mclean, D. Automatic Flight Control Systems, Prentice Hall International 3. Etkin, B and Reid, L.D., Dynamics of Flight, John Wiley, latest version 	

June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4301
Subject Title	Avionics Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of communications, electronics aspects of avionics, including aircraft instruments and integrated systems, and navigation systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. possess essential knowledge and skills in the area of avionics systems; 2. apply their knowledge, skills and hand-on experience to manufacture and maintain existing products; analyze and develop new modules and components in avionics systems for desired needs; 3. extend their knowledge of avionics systems to different situations of engineering context and professional practice
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Regulatory Agencies & related documents: ICAO Annex 10, F AA, RTCA; Concept of TSO; ARINC; DO-160.</p> <p>Airborne Communications Systems: VHF & HF transceivers, VDL modes; NAVCOM; EPIRB.</p> <p>Terrestrial Radio Navigation & Landing Aids: NDB; VOR; DVOR; DME; ILS & GP; Radar altimeters & AID.</p> <p>Satellite Navigation: Introduction to GNSS and its impacts on Performance-based navigation – RNAV & RNP.</p> <p>Surveillance Systems: Primary & Secondary Radars; ATCRBS replies; TCAS; ADS-B.</p> <p>Cockpit Integration: Display technologies; Instrument Placement.</p> <p>On Board Data Buses: ARINC 429; ARINC 629; ARINC 825 CAN Bus.</p> <p>Electronic Flight Control: FBW flight control features. Control laws. Safety and integrity. Redundancy and failure survival. Digital implementation and problems. Flight control software functions.</p> <p>Case study:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Case study on an avionics system/avionics subsystem/avionics component

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions, homework assignments, test, case study report and examination. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for avionics systems. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions. <table border="1" data-bbox="536 499 1406 707"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcome</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorial</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Homework assignment</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Case study report</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcome			1	2	3	1. Lecture	✓	✓		2. Tutorial	✓	✓		3. Homework assignment	✓	✓		4. Case study report	✓	✓	✓										
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<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="536 835 1425 1335"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Homework assignment</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Test</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Case study report</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Examination</td> <td>40%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100 %</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment:</p> $0.40 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.60 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$ <p>The continuous assessment consists of three components: homework assignments, test, and case study report. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students study, assisting them in self-monitoring of fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt.</p> <p>The examination is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.</p>	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			1	2	3	1. Homework assignment	20%	✓	✓	✓	2. Test	20%	✓	✓		3. Case study report	20%	✓	✓	✓	4. Examination	40%	✓	✓	✓	Total	100 %			
Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed																														
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2. Test	20%	✓	✓																															
3. Case study report	20%	✓	✓	✓																														
4. Examination	40%	✓	✓	✓																														
Total	100 %																																	

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture/Tutorial	39 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self Study	44 Hrs.
	▪ Case Study	22 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Helfrick A, Principles of Avionics, 9th Edition, Avionics Communications, 2015. 2. Tooley M, and Wyatt, Aircraft Electrical and Electronic Systems: Principles, Maintenance and Operation, Elsevier Ltd, 2009. 3. Collinson R.P.G., Introduction to Avionics Systems, Third Edition, Springer, Feb 2011. 4. Kayton Myron Walter R. Fried, Avionics Navigation Systems, Second Edition, John Wiley and Son, Published online 2007. 5. Pilot's Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, U.S. Department of Transportation, FAA, Flight Standards Service, 2008. 6. Advanced Avionics Handbook, U.S. Department of Transportation, FAA, Flight Standards Service, 2009. 7. Alexander V. Nebylov, Aerospace sensors, Momentum Press, 2013. 	

December 2019

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	CLC3243P (2019-20 onward) CBS3243P (2018-19 and before)
Subject Title	Chinese Communication for Aviation
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	
Objectives	This is a discipline-specific Chinese subject which aims at developing the students' language competence in Putonghua and written Chinese for professional communication necessary for them to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in the sector of aviation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in Chinese, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. read and write professional reports / manuals for specific purposes; b. understand and use the terminology of Aviation and Aeronautics in Chinese; c. produce discipline-related Chinese genres (e.g. notices, guidelines, Aeronautical circulars, other formal letters / emails) with appropriate text structures, interactive strategies and language expressions for different intended readers; d. communicate in Putonghua for various speech functions in professional context of Aviation such as introducing, clarifying and explaining.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reports in Chinese in the Aviation area <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning and organizing reports • Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a report • Referring to the literature to substantiate reports 2. The Chinese Vocabulary and Terminology in Air Transportation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading of various profession-related manuals, such as Aircraft

	<p>Maintenance Manual (AMM, 飛機維修手冊), Illustrated Parts Catalog (IPC, 飛機件號手冊), Fault Reporting Manual (FRM, 故障報告手冊), Fault Isolation Manual (FIM, 故障隔離手冊) and Tool and Equipment Manual (TEM, 工具設備手冊) etc.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyzing the Chinese lexical structure of the frequently used terms from the linguistic viewpoint. <p>3. Specific Chinese writing in a wide range of genres</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Profession-related literacy in written Chinese for both internal and external purposes, such as writing of notices, guidelines and Aeronautical circulars, etc. <p>4. Oral presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Giving formal presentations and engaging in formal discussions in Putonghua Selecting contents for audience-focused presentations Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>The subject is designed to develop the students' Chinese language skills, both oral and written, that students need to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of aviation-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.</p> <p>The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.</p> <p>The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long report which will engage students in proposing on an aviation-related report to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> planning and researching writing and reporting giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders in Putonghua

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
			a	b	c	d		
	1. Group Report in Chinese	30%	✓	✓				
	2. Assignment on practical writing	20%	✓	✓	✓			
	3. Situational oral presentation (individual)	20%		✓		✓		
	4. PPT presentation on the report (group)	20%		✓		✓		
	5. Formal discussions and Class participation	10%		✓		✓		
	Total	100 %						
<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Subject assessment 100% coursework</p> <p>For the course work, students will be assessed by the final products of the assigned exercises.</p> <p>Each assignment will be assessed in terms of criterion reference assessing.</p> <p>The overall achievement is obtained by formative assessment.</p>								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Seminars 						26 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:							
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Outside class practice, e.g. planning, discussing, and writing assignments and report. 						56 Hrs.	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Researching and self-study 	
	Total student study effort	82 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 民用航空術語編輯組（2002）《民用航空旅客運輸術語》。中國標準出版社。 2. 民用航空術語編輯組（2002）《民用航空貨物運輸術語》。中國標準出版社。 3. 國際民航組織（1997）《國標民航運輸管理手冊（國際民航組織第9626號文件）》。中國民航出版社，第1版。 4. 于成鯤主編（2003）《現代應用文》。復旦大學出版社。 5. 于成鯤等主編（2011）《當代應用文寫作規範叢書》。復旦大學出版社。 6. 邵敬敏（2007）《現代漢語通論》。上海教育出版社。 7. 姜波（2009）《飛機檢測與維修實用手冊》（第1-4卷）。吉林：吉林科學技術出版社。 8. 鄭笑平（2005）《科技寫作》。河南人民出版社。 	

The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ELC3531
Subject Title	Professional Communication in English for Engineering Students
Credit Value	2
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite	English LCR subjects
Objectives	This subject aims to develop the language competence for professional communication in English required by students to communicate effectively with various parties and stakeholders in regard to engineering-related project proposals.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, and in relation to effective communication with a variety of intended readers/audiences in English, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. plan, organise and produce professionally acceptable project proposals with appropriate text structures and language for different intended readers b. plan, organise and deliver effective project-related oral presentations with appropriate interactive strategies and language for different intended audiences c. adjust the style of expression and interactive strategies in writing and speaking in accordance with different intended readers/audiences
Subject Synopsis / Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Project proposal in English <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning and organising a project proposal • Explaining the background, rationale, objectives, scope and significance of a project • Referring to the current situation or existing literature to substantiate a project proposal • Describing the methods of study • Describing and discussing anticipated project results and (if applicable) results of a pilot study • Presenting the budget, schedule and (if applicable) method of evaluation • Writing an executive summary 2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selecting content for an audience-focused presentation • Choosing language and style appropriate to the intended audience • Using appropriate transitions and maintaining coherence in a team presentation • Using effective verbal and non-verbal interactive strategies
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>The subject is designed to develop the English language skills, both oral and written, that students need to use to communicate effectively and professionally with a variety of stakeholders of engineering-related projects. It builds upon the language and communication skills covered in GUR language training subjects.</p> <p>The study approach is primarily seminar-based. Seminar activities include instructor</p>

input as well as individual and group work, involving drafting and evaluating texts, mini-presentations, discussions and simulations.

The learning and teaching activities in the subject will focus on a course-long project which will engage students in proposing and reporting on an engineering-related project to different intended readers/audiences. During the course, students will be involved in:

- planning and researching the project
- writing project-related documents such as project proposals
- giving oral presentations to intended stakeholders of the project

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes

Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)					
		a	b	c			
1. Project proposal in English	40%	✓		✓			
2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English	60%		✓	✓			
Total	100%						

Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:

The assessments will arise from a course-long engineering-related project. Students will collaborate in groups in planning, researching, discussing and giving oral presentations on the project. They will be assessed on written documents and oral presentations targeted at different intended readers/audiences. This facilitates assessment of students' ability to select content and use language and style appropriate to the purposes and intended readers/audiences.

Assessment type	Intended readers/audience	Timing
1. Project proposal in English Each team writes a proposal of 2000-2500 words; and each member writes a report of 200-250 words explaining his/her contribution to the project	Mainly engineering experts	Week 8
2. Oral presentation of project proposal in English Each team delivers a speech (30 minutes for a team of four), simulating a presentation of the final proposal	Mainly non-experts	Weeks 12-13

Student Study Effort Expected

Class contact:	
Seminars	26 Hrs.

	Other student study effort:	
	Researching, planning and writing the project Rehearsing the presentation	52 Hrs.
	Total student study effort:	78 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. D. F. Beer, Ed., <i>Writing and Speaking in the Technology Professions: A practical guide</i>, 2nd ed. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley, 2003. 2. R. Johnson-Sheehan, <i>Writing Proposals</i>, 2nd ed. New York: Pearson/Longman, 2008. 3. S. Kuiper, <i>Contemporary Business Report Writing</i>, 4th ed. Mason, OH: South-Western, 2009. 4. M. H. Markel, <i>Practical Strategies for Technical Communication</i>. New York: Bedford/St. Martin's, 2016. 5. D. C. Reep, <i>Technical Writing: Principles, strategies, and readings</i>, 8th ed. Boston: Pearson/Longman, 2011. 6. E. D. Zanders and L. Macleod, <i>Presentation Skills for Scientists: A practical guide</i>, 2nd ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2018. 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ENG3004
Subject Title	Society and the Engineer
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject is designed for engineering students as a complementary subject on the role of the professional engineer in practice and their responsibilities toward the profession, colleagues, employers, clients, and the public. The objectives of the subject are to enable students to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. appreciate the historical context of modern technology and the nature of the process whereby technology develops and the relationship between technology and the environment, as well as the implied social costs and benefits; 2. understand the social, political, legal, and economic responsibilities and accountability of the engineering profession and the organizational activities of professional engineering institutions; 3. be aware of the short-term and long-term effects related to safety and health, and the environmental impacts of technology; 4. observe professional conduct, as well as the legal and other applicable constraints, related to various engineering issues; and 5. develop a strong vision to optimize their contribution to sustainable development.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. identify and evaluate the effects of technology as it applies to the social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society; b. explain the importance of local and international professional training, professional conduct and ethics, and responsibilities in various engineering disciplines, particularly the Washington Accord; c. evaluate and estimate, in a team setting, the impact of contemporary issues, planned projects, and unforeseen technological advances related to engineers; effectively communicate and present the findings to laymen and peers.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Impact of Technology on Society</u> <p>Historical cases and trends of technological innovation explored through their impact on social and cultural developments of civilization and their commonalities.</p>

	<p>2. <u>Environmental Protection and Related Issues</u></p> <p>Roles of the engineer in energy conservation, ecological balance, and sustainable development.</p> <p>3. <u>Global Outlook for Hong Kong's Economy and Industries</u></p> <p>Support organizations, policies and their impacts on industrial and economic development in Greater China, the Pacific Rim, and the world.</p> <p>4. <u>Regulatory Organizations and Compliance</u></p> <p>Discussion of engineer's responsibilities within different regulatory frameworks and environments; Examples from various entities such as the Labor Department and the Occupational Health and Safety Council; Legal dimensions to engineering such as liability, contract law, and industrial legislation.</p> <p>5. <u>Professional Institutions</u></p> <p>Local and overseas professional institutions; Washington Accord and the qualifications and criteria of professional engineers.</p> <p>6. <u>Professional Ethics</u></p> <p>Prevention of bribery and corruption; The work of the Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC); Social responsibilities of engineers.</p>
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Class comprises short lectures to provide essential knowledge and information on the relationships between society and the engineer under a range of dimensions.</p> <p>Other methods include discussions, case studies, and seminars to develop students' in-depth analysis of the relationships.</p> <p>Each student will submit two assignments based on their weekly learning activities, which will be part of the subject's evaluation. The assignments will deal with important issues of social, cultural, economic, legal, health, safety, and environmental dimensions of society.</p> <p>Students are assembled into groups; throughout the course, they will work on engineering cases by completing the following learning activities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Case analysis where students explore the relationships between society and the engineering issues of a project under specific dimensions; 2. Construction and assembly of a case portfolio which includes <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Presentation slides ii. Feedback critiques iii. Weekly summary reports iv. A report on Sustainable Development v. Individual Reflections 3. Final oral presentation

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed		
			a	b	c
	1. Continuous assessment	70%			
• Group weekly learning activities	(20%)	✓	✓	✓	
• Individual Assignments (2)	(20%)	✓	✓		
• Individual final presentation	(15%)	✓	✓		
• Individual reflection statement	(5%)	✓	✓		
• Group project and SD reports	(10%)	✓	✓	✓	
2. Examination	30%	✓	✓		
Total	100%				
<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>The coursework requires students to work in groups to study cases from the perspectives of the eight dimensions in an engineering setting. Based on these exercises, students' ability to apply and synthesize acquired knowledge can be assessed through their performance during groups' discussion, oral presentations, and the quality of their portfolio reports on the case studies.</p> <p>The closed-book examination is used to assess students' critical thinking and problem-solving skills when working on their own.</p>					
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:				
	▪ Lectures and review		27 Hrs.		
	▪ Presentation		12 Hrs.		
	Other student study efforts:				
	▪ Research and preparation		55 Hrs.		
	▪ Report and Assignments writing		25 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort			119 Hrs.	

<p>Reading List and References</p>	<p>Reference Books & Articles:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Education for Sustainable Development - An Expert Review of Processes and Learning, UNESCO, 2011 2. Poel, Ibo van de, and Lambèr M. M. Royakkers. Ethics, Technology, and Engineering : an Introduction. Wiley-Blackwell, 2011 3. Engineering-Issues, Challenges and Opportunities for Development, USECO, 2010 4. Engineering for Sustainable Development: Guiding Principles, Royal Academy of Engineering, 2005 5. Securing the future: delivering UK sustainable development strategy, 2005 6. Johnston, F S, Gostelow, J P, and King, W J, 2000, <i>Engineering and Society Challenges of Professional Practice</i>, Upper Saddle River, N.J.: Prentice Hall 7. Hjorth, L, Eichler, B, and Khan, A, 2003, <i>Technology and Society A Bridge to the 21st Century</i>, Upper Saddle River, N.J.:Prentice Hall 8. The Council for Sustainable Development in Hong Kong, http://www.enb.gov.hk/en/susdev/council/ 9. Poverty alleviation: the role of the engineer, http://publications.arup.com/publications/p/poverty_alleviation_the_role_of_the_engineer <p>Reading materials:</p> <p>Engineering journals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Engineers by The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers - Engineering and Technology by The Institution of Engineers and Technology <p>Magazines: Time, Far East Economic Review</p> <p>Current newspapers: South China Morning Post, China Daily, Ming Pao Daily</p>
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(revised) July 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ENG4001
Subject Title	Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject provides students with knowledge in:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; 2. project management methodologies and their application; 3. choosing project variables for effective project management; and 4. various developments of project management.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to engineering projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; and d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Project Overview, Management Principles, and the Systems Approach</u> Characteristics of projects and project management. Management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts and principles. Conflict management. 2. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, time-phased networks, CPA, PERT, and resource smoothing. 3. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u> Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Experience curve. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. 4. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u> Earned value measurement system. Managing project risks. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination.

Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies, and laboratory work are used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem-based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects, based on a literature review. They are used to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations.</p>																																											
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	<table border="1" data-bbox="454 539 1418 1095"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="4">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Tutorial exercises/ written report</td> <td>10%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Oral presentation</td> <td>10%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. End Term Test</td> <td>15%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Written examination</td> <td>65%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100%</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Continuous assessment (1), (2), and (3): Test, written reports, oral presentation, and tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of the knowledge that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b) and (c).</p> <p>Written examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), and (d).</p>				Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				a	b	c	d	1. Tutorial exercises/ written report	10%		✓	✓		2. Oral presentation	10%		✓	✓		3. End Term Test	15%	✓	✓	✓		4. Written examination	65%	✓	✓	✓	✓	Total	100%				
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:																																											
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lectures 	3 hours/week for 9 weeks	27 Hrs.																																									
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tutorials / Case studies 	3 hours/week for 4 weeks	12 Hrs.																																									
			39 Hrs.																																									
	Other student study effort:																																											
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Preparation for assignments, short tests, and the written examination 			79 Hrs.																																								
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**Reading List and
References**

1. Meredith JR and Mantel SJ, 2010, *Project Management: a Managerial Approach*, Wiley, Hoboken NJ
2. Kerzner, H 2009, *Project Management: a Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling*, John Wiley, New York
3. Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008, *Engineering Project Management*, Blackwell, Oxford

(Revised) August 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ISE3009
Subject Title	Aviation Safety and Reliability
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students fundamental knowledge of aviation safety and to develop students' understanding of methods and techniques used in evaluating the reliability and safety of aviation systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. identify major causes (such as human errors) of aviation accidents and responsibilities of civil aviation regulatory bodies; b. develop a system monitoring programme in accordance with the recommended procedure of HK Civil Aviation Department; c. explain the mathematical concepts used in reliability and safety analysis of aviation systems; d. formulate system reliability assessment to demonstrate compliance with airworthiness requirements.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Aviation Risk Management</i> – The concept and identification of aviation safety risks, safety barriers, aviation safety risk management, acceptable level of safety and as low as reasonably practicable risk, cost and benefit analysis of safety projects.</p> <p><i>Aviation Reporting systems</i> – Legal framework. Reporting organizations. Occurrence Reporting. ICAO Accident/Incident Reporting System. Aviation Safety Reporting System. National Transportation Safety Board.</p> <p><i>Human Factors and Human Errors</i> – Human errors as a major contributor to aircraft accidents worldwide. Basic concepts and principles of human factors including PEAR, the Dirty Dozen, SHELL and Reason models. Case studies of commercial aircraft accidents due to human errors by flight crew, ATC and maintenance personnel.</p> <p><i>Reliability Concepts</i> – Properties of continuous and discrete random variables. Parameter estimation of reliability distributions. Failure rates. Mean time between failures. Series and parallel redundancy. Conditional probabilities. Weibull analysis.</p>

	<p>Reliability Assessment in Aircraft Systems – Design safety margins. System redundancy. FAA Fail-safe design concept. Probability and consequence of aviation failure conditions. Means for compliance with aircraft certification requirements.</p> <p>Performance Monitoring – Safety Management Systems (SMS). Engineering performance of aircraft systems and components. Engine unscheduled shutdown. In-flight defects. Component unscheduled removals. Mechanical delays and cancellations. Statistical reliability measurement and HK CAD recommended alert establishment procedure.</p>																																								
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to various aspects of aviation system safety and reliability (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Group mini-projects are used to help students to deepen their knowledge on a specific topic through search of information, analysis of data and report writing (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Special seminar(s) delivered by invited industrial professionals may be used to relate the concepts learnt in class to engineering practices. Students are expected to achieve better understanding of aviation safety through this activity (outcomes a to d).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="443 1106 1369 1451"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mini-project</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Special seminar</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lecture	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tutorial	✓	✓	✓	✓	Mini-project	✓	✓			Special seminar	✓	✓	✓	✓											
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	<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment: $0.50 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.50 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$</p> <p>Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments, group mini-project, and test. The continuous assessment is aimed at enhancing the students' comprehension and assimilation of various topics of the syllabus. In particular, group mini-project is used to assess the students' capacities of self-learning, problem-solving, and effective communication skill in English so as to fulfill the requirements of working in the aviation industry.</p>	
Student Study Effort Required	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	30 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial	9 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Course work	20 Hrs.
	▪ Self-study	51 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	110 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dhillon, Balbir S., <i>Safety and Human Error in Engineering Systems</i>, CRC Press, 2012. 2. Johnson, William, et al., <i>Human Factors for Aircraft Maintenance</i>, 2nd ed., Aircraft Technical Book Company, 2016. 3. O'Connor, Patrick D. T., and Kleyner, Andre, <i>Practical Reliability Engineering</i>, 5th ed., Wiley, 2011. 	

Industrial Centre (IC) Training

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	IC2133
Subject Title	Aircraft Manufacturing and Maintenance Fundamentals
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	2
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>The subject provides opportunity for students to gain practical and hands-on training experiences in the following fundamental aircraft engineering and maintenance procedures and practices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safety Precautions, • Use of hand tools and bench fitting, • Engineering Drawing, • Electronic Safety Test and Practice <p>This subject also equips students with basic workshop skills necessary for handling manufacturing project subjects..</p>
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Demonstrate a practical understanding on the working principle, capability and operation of major aircraft manufacturing processes; b) Select and use appropriate materials and manufacturing processes for specific parts requirements; c) Show a commitment to quality, timeliness, regulation conformance, and continuous improvement.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Workshop Safety Use of fire extinguishers; Use of respirators; Use of fall protection and fall arrest equipment. 2. Use of Hand Tools Use of Hand Tools in Bench Fitting; Use of Marking out Tool; Use of Measuring Instruments; Use of Hand Tools in Aircraft Maintenance; Torque loading technique; Bench Fitting; Fabrication of a Part. 3. Engineering Drawing Read and draw orthographic sketches; Read and draw isometric sketches; Read and draw layers, block, attributes; Read and draw sectional view; Read and specify dimensional tolerances; Read and

	<p>draw treads and fasteners; Draw 3D solid components; Read and draw assemblies; Read and draw electrical circuits and components.</p> <p>4. Electronic Safety Test and Practice</p> <p>Avionics General Test Equipment; Soldering.</p>																															
<p>Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Workshop-based hands-on activities will be used for students to appreciate the principles and operations of common aircraft manufacturing technologies, and to acquire essential practical skills for them to carry out project tasks.</p> <p>On-demand demonstrations and tutorials will be provided to support students having difficulties in their hands-on activities.</p> <p>Technical handouts will be available on-line for students to familiarise with the technical contents.</p>																															
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="505 777 1476 1310"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">Weighting (%)</th> <th colspan="3">Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Workshop assignments</td> <td>40</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quizzes</td> <td>20</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Training report</td> <td>40</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Workshop assignments in the form of small manufacturing tasks will be used to assess how well students understand the working principle, capabilities, and operation of the manufacturing processes. Students' skill-level will be evaluated by the artifacts they produced, while their practical knowledge and work attitude be evaluated by individual oral presentation.</p> <p>Multiple-choice quizzes will be used to assess broadly the students' understanding of declarative knowledge covered by the subject, as well as their material and process selection judgement.</p> <p>Individual training report will be used to assess holistically how well the students consolidate technical contents, reflect on their engineering decisions, and critically review their learning experience. The students also elaborate on their professional attitude and commitment in their writing.</p>				Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	Weighting (%)	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed			a	b	c	Workshop assignments	40	X	X	X	Quizzes	20	X	X		Training report	40	X	X	X	Total	100			
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class Contact	
	▪ Hands-on practices	120 Hrs.
	Other Study Effort	0 Hrs.
	Total Study Effort	120 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Forenz, T. (2018). Aviation Maintenance Technician Certification Series: Materials and hardware. Module 06. US, Aircraft Technical Book Company. 2. Fietz, K. (2019). Aviation Maintenance Technician Certification Series: Maintenance practices. Module 07A. US, Aircraft Technical Book Company. 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	IC380
Subject Title	Integrated Aviation Engineering Project
Credit Value	4 Training Credits
Level	3
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject aims at developing students' understanding on the principles and operations of common aircraft manufacturing process.</p> <p>Through undertaking hands-on projects, students will also be able to integrate their academic knowledge with practical skills about key engineering stages including: project planning, machining, assembly, testing and evaluation.</p>
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Demonstrate a practical understanding on the working principle, capability and operation of major aircraft manufacturing processes; b) Select and use appropriate materials and manufacturing processes for specific parts requirements; c) Work collaboratively and effectively to execute key stages of a manufacturing projects; and d) Show a commitment to quality, timeliness, regulation conformance, and continuous improvement.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><u>Digital machining</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Materials and manufacturing of common aircraft engine parts; • Working principle and operation of metal removal processes including turning, milling, drilling; • Practical appreciation of precision multi-axis machining and coordinate measurement; <p><u>Sheet-metal fabrication</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Materials and constructions of common metal airframe structures; • Working principle and operation of sheet-metal fabrication processes including bending, drilling, riveting; • Practical appreciation of damage removal and bolted repair techniques. <p><u>Fiber composites fabrication</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Materials and constructions of common fiber composites airframe components; • Working principle and operation of composites fabrication processes including wet-layup, pre-preg layup, autoclave curing;

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practical appreciation of composites damage detection techniques including tap-test, UT A scan, and UT C scan; • Practical appreciation of damage removal and bonded repair techniques. <p><u>Project management</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use of aircraft repair manuals and other technical documentations; • Quality control and record-keeping practices; • Appreciation of computer-aided product data management (PDM). 																																								
<p>Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Group-based integrative-project will be used to enable students to integrate practical skill sets through fabricating and optimising physical products. Examples of physical products are: Airframe structures, cabin installations, aircraft maintenance tools, jigs and gauges, <i>etc.</i></p> <p>Workshop-based hands-on activities will be used for students to appreciate the principles and operations of common aircraft manufacturing technologies, and to acquire essential practical skills for them to carry out project tasks. Short lectures, demonstrations, and tutorials will be mixed with hands-on activities to deliver technical contents.</p> <p>The project fabrication work and hands-on practices will be scheduled to intertwine to facilitate reflective observation.</p> <p>Technical handouts will be available on-line for students to familiarise with the technical contents before lesson.</p>																																								
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="456 1115 1485 1646"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Assessment Methods</th> <th rowspan="2">Weighting (%)</th> <th colspan="4">Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Workshop assignments</td> <td>45</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Quizzes</td> <td>15</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Performance of final product</td> <td>20</td> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Training report</td> <td>20</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Workshop assignments in the form of small group manufacturing tasks will be used to assess how well students understand the working principle, capabilities, and operation of the manufacturing processes. Students’ skill-level will be evaluated by the artifacts they produced, while their engineering judgment and critical thinking be evaluated by individually filled task worksheets.</p> <p>Multiple-choice quizzes will be used to assess broadly the students’ understanding of declarative knowledge covered by the subject.</p> <p>Performance of final product, evaluated by product trials, QC checks, and supervisors’ inspection, will be used to assess how well the students exercise their engineering judgments, and how efficient they working as a team.</p>	Assessment Methods	Weighting (%)	Intended Learning Outcomes Assessed				a	b	c	d	1. Workshop assignments	45	X	X			2. Quizzes	15	X	X			3. Performance of final product	20		X	X		4. Training report	20	X	X	X	X	Total	100				
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4. Training report	20	X	X	X	X																																				
Total	100																																								

	Individual training report will be used to assess holistically how well the students consolidate technical contents, reflect on their engineering decisions, and critically review their team-working. The students also elaborate on their professional attitude and commitment in their writing.	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class Contact	
	▪ Hands-on practice	36 Hrs.
	▪ Project	84 Hrs.
	Other Study Effort	0 Hrs.
	Total Study Effort	120 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<p>Reference Standards and Handbooks:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>FAA-H-8083-30 Aviation Maintenance Technician Handbook – General Chapter 5: Aircraft Materials, Processes, and Hardware, 2008</u> 2. <u>FAA-H-8083-31 Aviation Maintenance Technician Handbook – Airframe Chapter 08 Aircraft Painting and Finishing, 2012</u> 3. <u>FAA-H-8083-31 Aviation Maintenance Technician Handbook – Airframe Chapter 04 Aircraft Metal Structural Repair, 2012</u> 4. <u>FAA-H-8083-31 Aviation Maintenance Technician Handbook – Airframe Chapter 07 Advanced Composite Material, 2012</u> 	

July 2017

Discipline-Specific Requirements (DSR)

Electives

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4001
Subject Title	Aviation Project Management
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject will provide students to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. project management tools in business organizations, taking into account the time-cost relationships, resources, processes, risks, the project life cycle, organization, and management principles; 2. project management methodologies and their application; 3. choosing project variables for effective project management; and 4. managing projects relating to the aviation industry
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. demonstrate good understanding of definition of a project, the characteristics and project life cycle; specifics of projects in the aviation industry; b. identify appropriate project variables and practices that are applicable to aviation projects; c. perform project planning, cost/resources estimation, evaluate and monitor of project progress; d. propose project management solutions, taking into consideration the project objectives and constraints in the scope of aviation projects.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Overview of Aviation Project and Principles of Project Management</u> Characteristics of aviation projects. Project management principles. Project organization. Team development. Systems concepts in project management. 2. <u>Project Methodologies and Planning Techniques</u> Constraints: time, cost, and technical performance. Work breakdown structure. Management of scope. Scheduling tools: Gantt charts, network analysis techniques, CPM, PERT, and resource smoothing.

	<p>3. <u>Cost Estimation and Cost Control for Projects</u></p> <p>Types of estimates. Budgeting project costs. Cost schedules and forecasts. Cost control systems. Impacts of cost control on aviation industry.</p> <p>4. <u>Evaluation and Control of Projects</u></p> <p>Evaluation of projects. Managing project risks and the impact towards aviation industry. Status reporting. Project closeout and termination, with exit plans.</p>																																		
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>A mixture of lectures, tutorial exercises, case studies/project work is used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some material is covered using a problem-based format where this advances the learning objectives. Other material is covered through directed study to enhance the students' "learning to learn" ability. Some case studies are from best practices of projects relating to aviation industry. They are used to integrate the topics and demonstrate to students how the various techniques are interrelated and applied in real-life situations.</p>																																		
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="534 929 1481 1444"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="4">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Tutorial exercises/ project</td> <td>30%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Mid Term Test</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Written examination</td> <td>50%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100 %</td> <td colspan="4"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Continuous assessment (1) & (2): Test, group project and tutorial exercises are used to assess students' understanding and application of the knowledge that they have learnt relative to learning outcomes (a), (b), (c).</p> <p>Written examination: questions are designed to assess learning outcomes (a), (b), (c), and (d).</p>	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				a	b	c	d	1. Tutorial exercises/ project	30%		✓	✓		2. Mid Term Test	20%	✓	✓	✓		3. Written examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓	Total	100 %				
Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting			Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)																															
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3. Written examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	✓																														
Total	100 %																																		
<p>Student Study Effort Expected</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="534 1713 1481 2128"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Class contact:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Lectures/project 3 hours/week for 9 weeks</td> <td></td> <td>27 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Tutorials 3 hours/week for 4 weeks</td> <td></td> <td>12 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Other student study effort:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Preparation for assignments, test, group project, and the written examination</td> <td></td> <td>78 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total student study effort</td> <td></td> <td>117 Hrs.</td> </tr> </table>	Class contact:			▪ Lectures/project 3 hours/week for 9 weeks		27 Hrs.	▪ Tutorials 3 hours/week for 4 weeks		12 Hrs.	Other student study effort:			▪ Preparation for assignments, test, group project, and the written examination		78 Hrs.	Total student study effort		117 Hrs.																
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**Reading List and
References**

1. Meredith JR and Mantel SJ, 2010, *Project Management: a Managerial Approach*, Wiley, Hoboken NJ. (or latest edition)
2. Kerzner, H 2009, *Project Management: a Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling*, John Wiley, New York. (or latest edition)
3. Smith, NJ (ed.) 2008, *Engineering Project Management*, Blackwell, Oxford, latest edition. (or latest edition)
4. *Journal of Air Transport Management: An International Journal of Research, Policy and Practice*. Elsevier. ISSN: 0969-6997. (selected articles).

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4003
Subject Title	Airport Services Engineering
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject will provide students with</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. broad understanding of the airport services in all phases of design and engineering to students; 2. the essential knowledge in airport facility planning, management and ground services.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. have the basic knowledge of how an airport is operating.; b. apply techniques to optimize the airport operations costs and efficiency, including capacity determination, airport facility selection, facility layout, and facility planning; c. establish effective ground maneuvering such as airport geometry, terminal layout, aircraft configuration optimization.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Runway Planning, Analysis and Maintenance</u> <p>Airfield design and planning (runway, taxiway and apron), aircraft runway length and takeoff weights, pavement strength and condition, Development of Allowable Load Determination and Pavement Classification Number (PCN), airport elevation, temperature, runway slope, obstacles, bird control, Foreign Object Debris, rubber removal, runway inspection.</p> 2. <u>Airport Facility Planning and Engineering</u> <p>Airport layout. Design of terminal facilities, baggage handling facilities, freight facilities, layout planning and optimization, ground support equipment and equipment selection, basic queuing theory and simulation (e.g., simulation of passenger flow for choke point analysis).</p> 3. <u>Air Traffic Flow and Capacity Management</u> <p>Ground Delay Program (GDP): Delay Assignment (DAS) mode, General Aviation Airport Program (GAAP), Unified Delay Program (UDP) mode. Peak-hour analysis (design peak hour and forecast). <i>Demand</i> management (Flight schedule coordination, congestion pricing, slot auction, etc.). Air traffic management (airspace structure, navigation systems, air traffic control tower). Collaborative Decision Making. Runway capacity (factors affecting runway capacity, e.g., number of runways, landscape, aircraft mix, wind direction, sequencing of movements, noise considerations).</p>

	<p>4. <u>Ground Maneuvering and Gate Planning</u></p> <p>Ground operations, ground maneuvering, gate operations, and terminal servicing including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • airport geometry for operating new and existing airplane models. • terminal layouts and gate arrangements. • aircraft configuration optimization. 																												
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Teaching is conducted through class lectures and case studies/laboratory exercises. Both the basic knowledge and theoretical models are going to be introduced. The understanding of how to address problems by using scientific tools is emphasized. Normally, examples of problem-solving techniques are taught in class and related scenarios are provided to students to enhance their application abilities. Laboratory exercises and short reports are used to make up the course work marks.</p>																												
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="534 840 1481 1317"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Examination</td> <td>50%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Laboratory/ Case Study</td> <td>30%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Report</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100 %</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>By the end of each laboratory exercise, a written report is required to be submitted to show the findings. Guest speakers in the aviation industry will be invited to deliver talks and students are required to produce short reports for talks to encourage their involvement. At the end of the semester, an examination is given to students to assess their learning outcomes.</p>	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			a	b	c	1. Examination	50%		✓	✓	2. Laboratory/ Case Study	30%		✓	✓	3. Report	20%	✓	✓	✓	Total	100 %			
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<p>Student Study Effort Expected</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="534 1556 1481 2011"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Class contact:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Lecture/Seminar</td> <td></td> <td>24 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Laboratory/Case Study/ Visit</td> <td></td> <td>15 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Other student study effort:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Assignments/Min-Project/Report</td> <td></td> <td>35 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>▪ Self-study/Preparation</td> <td></td> <td>48 Hrs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total student study effort</td> <td></td> <td>122 Hrs.</td> </tr> </table>	Class contact:			▪ Lecture/Seminar		24 Hrs.	▪ Laboratory/Case Study/ Visit		15 Hrs.	Other student study effort:			▪ Assignments/Min-Project/Report		35 Hrs.	▪ Self-study/Preparation		48 Hrs.	Total student study effort		122 Hrs.							
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<p>Reading List and References</p>	<p>1. PS Senguttuvan 2007, <i>Principles of Airport Economics</i>, Excel Books. (or latest edition)</p>																												

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Airport Cooperative Research Program (ACRP) Reports, The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. (or latest edition) 3. Anne Graham 2014, <i>Managing Airports 4th Edition: An International Perspective</i>, Routledge. (or latest edition) 4. Alexander T. Wells 2007, <i>Air Transportation: A Management Perspective</i>, Ashgate. (or latest edition) 5. Norman J. Ashford, Saleh Mumayiz, Paul H. Wright 2011, <i>Airport Engineering: Planning, Design and Development of 21st Century Airports</i>, John Wiley & Sons. (or latest edition)
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Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4007
Subject Title	Aircraft Leasing and Finance
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	N/A
Objectives	To provide students with an overview of the Aircraft Leasing Industry at undergraduate advanced level.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. describe the salient features of the Aircraft Leasing and Aviation Finance industry; 2. identify the roles and functions of various airlines and the characteristics of the airline business; 3. understand and appreciate the aircraft leasing business, economics and the management of risks related to aircraft leasing; and 4. make recommendations on a leasing transaction.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) Airline fleets, growth and demand <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft fleet delivery history • Aircraft order forecasts • Aircraft types and markets segmented • Lessor market share (2) Airline markets and segments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Airline categories • Airline business by market (geography) • Airline market trends • Airline costs • Airline revenues (3) Aircraft lessors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft leasing, background and history • Aircraft lessors by size, shape, portfolio, shareholder • Aircraft leasing – key performance factors • Aircraft leasing – habitual base jurisdictions (4) Aircraft Leasing Economics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Individual aircraft lease financial modelling • Aspects of portfolio aircraft lease financial modelling • Accounting and Auditing mark to market valuation (5) Aircraft Leasing Risk Management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft general rating • Aircraft specifications and value • Airline risk, not just credit • Aircraft lease transaction risk • Aircraft lease portfolio risk • Aircraft lessor enterprise risk

	<p>(6) Aircraft Lease Risk Investment Submission / Committee</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assist to prepare an aircraft lease transaction investment submission for discussion, review and approval decision Assist to conduct the corresponding aircraft lease transaction investment review committee, findings and recommendations 																																
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 3)</p>	<p>1. The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions and assignments.</p> <p>2. The continuous assessments are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge of the course of study.</p> <p>3. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions.</p>																																
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		<p>1</p>	<p>2</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>4</p>																												
	<p>1. Lecture</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>																												
	<p>2. Tutorial</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>																												
	<p>3. Assignments</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>																														
	<p>4. Written Exam</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>	<p>√</p>																												
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes (Note 4)</p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="533 1122 839 1323" rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th data-bbox="839 1122 995 1323" rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="4" data-bbox="995 1122 1465 1256">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)</th> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="995 1256 1115 1323">1</th> <th data-bbox="1115 1256 1235 1323">2</th> <th data-bbox="1235 1256 1355 1323">3</th> <th data-bbox="1355 1256 1465 1323">4</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="533 1323 839 1391">1. Assignments</td> <td data-bbox="839 1323 995 1391">40%</td> <td data-bbox="995 1323 1115 1391">√</td> <td data-bbox="1115 1323 1235 1391">√</td> <td data-bbox="1235 1323 1355 1391"></td> <td data-bbox="1355 1323 1465 1391"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="533 1391 839 1458">2. Written Exam</td> <td data-bbox="839 1391 995 1458">60%</td> <td data-bbox="995 1391 1115 1458">√</td> <td data-bbox="1115 1391 1235 1458">√</td> <td data-bbox="1235 1391 1355 1458">√</td> <td data-bbox="1355 1391 1465 1458">√</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="533 1458 839 1525">Total</td> <td data-bbox="839 1458 995 1525">100 %</td> <td data-bbox="995 1458 1115 1525"></td> <td data-bbox="1115 1458 1235 1525"></td> <td data-bbox="1235 1458 1355 1525"></td> <td data-bbox="1355 1458 1465 1525"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				1	2	3	4	1. Assignments	40%	√	√			2. Written Exam	60%	√	√	√	√	Total	100 %				
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2. Written Exam	60%	√	√	√	√																												
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	<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment: 0.40 Continuous Assessment + 0.60 Written Exam</p> <p>The continuous assessment consists of two assignments. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students study, assisting them in self-monitoring of fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt. The written exam is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.</p>																																

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	26 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial	13 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self-study	66 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vasigh, B., Fleming, K., & Humphreys, B. (2014). <i>Foundations of airline finance: Methodology and practice</i>. Routledge. 2. Murphy, R., & Desai, N. (Eds.). (2011). <i>Aircraft financing</i>. Euromoney Books. 3. Morrell, P. S. (2013). <i>Airline finance</i>. Ashgate Publishing, Ltd. 	

August 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4008
Subject Title	Aviation Finance, Taxation and Insurance
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	N/A
Objectives	To provide students with an advanced knowledge of aviation finance, taxation and insurance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: 1. identify the fundamental features of the aircraft asset classes; 2. appreciate the aircraft trading models and aircraft leasing approaches; 3. recognise the fundamental features of aviation taxation and insurance considerations; and 4. understand risk management in aviation industry;
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>(1) Aviation asset class and selection criteria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft asset <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Airlines: widebody and narrowbody aircraft - Chartering services: corporate jets and narrowbody aircraft - General aviation: turboprop aircraft and helicopter • Other investment opportunities <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Airlines - Airport strategic development - Airport and aircraft equipment <p>(2) Aircraft trading</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft demand • Fleet development (Global and Regional) • Aircraft asset valuation • Market insights <p>(3) Aircraft leasing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft asset portfolio management • Channel to acquire aircraft assets by aircraft leasing companies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Orderbook - Sale and Leaseback agreement with airlines - Portfolio purchase • Hedging on foreign exchange, interest rate and fuel (airlines) <p>(4) Secondary market of an aircraft</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aircraft asset residual risk management • Demand on aircraft remarketing, modification, dismantling and recycling • Market insights <p>(5) Aircraft financing mechanism</p>

- Aircraft financing in China (Free Trade Zones) versus overseas (Cayman and Ireland)
 - Statistics on aircraft financing and capital market
 - SPV financing
 - Engine financing
 - Capital structure of airlines and aircraft leasing companies
- (6) Aviation taxation basics and introduction to insurance requirements**
- Taxation
 - Airline tax treatment
 - Aviation financiers taxation
 - Taxation for aircraft manufacturers and other ancillary industries
 - Insurance
 - Liability exposure
 - Third party legal liability
 - Insurance considerations for aviation financiers
 - General principles in aviation insurance and common clauses
 - Aviation war risk insurance
 - Insurance considerations for financiers
 - Regulatory requirements for insurance
- (7) Aircraft tax considerations on financing options**
- Purchase versus lease
 - Tax considerations for airlines on the use of loan financing
 - Finance lease versus operating lease
 - Japanese Operating Lease with Call Option financing (“JOLCO Financing”)
 - Other forms of aircraft finance
- (8) Financier Taxation**
- Aircraft operating lease focus
 - Structuring the deal
 - Transfer tax considerations
 - Taxation considerations for other financing options
 - Finance lease considerations
 - Hire purchase considerations
 - Loan financing
 - Engine / aircraft part specific consideration
 - Capital market transactions

Teaching/Learning Methodology	1. The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions and assignments.				
	2. The continuous assessments are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge of the course of study.				
	3. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions.				
	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcomes			
		1	2	3	4
1. Lecture	√	√	√	√	
2. Tutorial	√	√	√	√	
3. Assignments	√	√			
4. Written Exam	√	√	√	√	

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks		% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
					1	2	3	4
	1. Assignments		40%		√	√	√	
	2. Written Exam		60%		√	√	√	√
	Total		100 %					
<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment: 0.40 Continuous Assessment + 0.60 Written Exam</p> <p>The continuous assessment consists of two assignments. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students study, assisting them in self-monitoring of fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt. The written exam is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.</p>								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	▪ Lecture							26 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial							13 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:							
	▪ Self-study							66 Hrs.
	Total student study effort							105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gillen, D., & Morrison, W. G. (2015). Aviation security: costing, pricing, finance and performance. <i>Journal of Air Transport Management</i>, 48, 1-12. Keaveny, C., & Murray, S. (2013). Aviation finance and leasing. <i>Offshore Investment</i>, 239, 12-14. Mann, E. D. (2009). Aviation finance: An overview. <i>Journal of Structured Finance</i>, 15(1), 109. Coulter, J. M., Redpath, I. J., & Vogel, T. J. (2018). Leasing Agreements in the Airline Industry: A Case Study Examining the Impact of Asu 2016-02. <i>Journal of Business and Educational Leadership</i>, 7(1), 114-123. Anyafu, A. (2018). Buy or Lease Decision in Fixed Assets Acquisition in the Nigerian Civil Aviation Industry. <i>Journal of Administration</i>, 1(1). Wensveen, J. (2018). Air transportation: A management perspective. Routledge. 							

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4105
Subject Title	Engineering Composites
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3002 Aircraft Structures and Materials
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To provide students with knowledge of mechanical behavior of composite materials used in aircraft. 2. To provide students with understanding of the processing, fabrication and influence of fabrication and environment on properties of aircraft composites. 3. To gain appreciation of the wide design flexibility that composites can afford.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Demonstrate a good understanding of types and properties of composites used in aircraft; b. Possess knowledge in processing and fabrication of structural composites; c. Understand mechanical behaviors of aircraft composite materials; d. Analyze composite laminates using classic laminate theory and apply failure criteria to assess composite structures subject to various types of loading.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Introduction to Composites</i> - Classification and characteristics of composite materials in aircraft. Mechanical behavior of composite materials. Reinforcements. Matrix materials. Green composites</p> <p><i>Composite Interfaces</i> - Fibre-matrix interfaces. Interfacial properties. Stress transfer through composite interfaces.</p> <p><i>Lamina Stress-strain Relationships</i> - Lamina and laminate theories. Transformation and prediction of elastic parameters. Load-deformation relationship.</p> <p><i>Analysis of Continuous Fibre-Reinforced Lamina and Laminates</i> - Macromechanical behaviour of a lamina. Macromechanical behaviour of a laminate.</p> <p><i>Processing and Fabrication</i> - Structural composites and their processing technology. Manufacture of laminated fibre-reinforced composite materials. Influence of fabrication and environment on properties.</p> <p><i>Failures, Design, and Applications of Composites</i> - Failure theories. Design optimization. Engineering applications of composites.</p> <p><i>Non-Destructive Testing Techniques for Composites</i> – Visual testing, ultrasonic testing, thermography, radiographic testing, electromagnetic testing, acoustic emission, new trends in structural health monitoring strategies.</p> <p>Laboratory Experiments</p>

	<p>Typical experiments:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Manufacturing of composites 2. Tensile test of composites 3. Inspection of composites 4. Repair of a composite structure 																																												
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to advanced composite materials (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Experiments are used to relate the concepts to practical applications and students are exposed to hand-on experience, proper use of equipment and application of analytical skills on interpreting experimental results (outcomes a and b).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="472 797 1414 969"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Experiment</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lecture	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tutorial	✓	✓	✓	✓	Experiment	✓	✓																		
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Effort Expected	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial/Laboratory	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self Study	45 Hrs.
	▪ Case study report preparation and presentation	21 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ronald F. Gibson, Principles of Composite Material Mechanics, McGraw-Hill International Editions, latest edition. 2. C.T. Sun, Mechanics of Aircraft Structures, John Wiley & Sons, latest edition. 3. Celine A. Mahieux, Environmental Degradation in Industrial Composites, Elsevier, latest edition. 4. A. Brent Strong, Fundamentals of Composites Manufacturing-Materials, Methods and Applications, Society of Manufacturing Engineers, latest edition. 	

May 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4107
Subject Title	Aircraft Gas Turbine Engine Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3003 Aircraft Propulsion Systems and AAE2102/IC2133 Aircraft Manufacturing and Maintenance Fundamentals
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of aircraft gas turbine engine systems and application in engine monitoring and maintenance
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Acquire good understanding of aircraft turbine engine design and construction. b. Demonstrate good understanding of compressor stall/surge and its prevention. c. Apply their knowledge and skills to explain the limitations of aircraft gas turbine engines under normal and abnormal operational conditions.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Inlet</i> Compressor inlet ducts; Effects of various inlet configurations; Ice protection.</p> <p><i>Compressors</i> Axial and centrifugal types; Constructional features and operating principles and applications; Wide-chord fan technology; Fan balancing; Operation: Causes and effects of compressor stall and surge; Methods of air flow control: bleed valves, variable inlet guide vanes, variable stator vanes, rotating stator blades; Compression ratio.</p> <p><i>Combustion Section</i> Different designs of combustion chambers; Constructional features and principles of operation.</p> <p><i>Turbine Section</i> Operation and characteristics of different turbine blade types; Blade to disk attachment; Nozzle guide vanes; Causes and effects of turbine blade stress and creep; Turbine cooling</p> <p><i>Exhaust</i> Constructional features and principles of operation; Convergent, divergent and variable area nozzles; Engine noise reduction; Thrust reversers.</p>

Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft gas turbine engines (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the applications of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to c).</p>																									
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June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4108
Subject Title	Aircraft Inspection and Testing
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of aircraft inspection and application in modern aircraft maintenance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Acquire good understanding of aircraft inspection and repair techniques. b. Demonstrate good understanding of inspecting fundamental aircraft components, including mechanics and avionics. c. Apply their knowledge to handle aircraft material.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Disassembly, Inspection, Repair and Assembly Techniques</i> - Types of defects and visual inspection techniques; Corrosion removal, assessment and re-protection. general repair methods, structural repair manual; Ageing, fatigue and corrosion control programmes. Non-destructive inspection techniques including: penetrant, radiographic, eddy current, ultrasonic and boroscope methods. Disassembly and re—assembly techniques. Trouble shooting techniques.</p> <p><i>Abnormal Events</i> - Inspections following lightning strikes and HIRF penetration. Inspections following abnormal events such as heavy landings and flight through turbulence.</p> <p><i>Electrical Cables and Connectors</i> - Cable types, construction and characteristics; High tension and co-axial cables; Crimping; Connector types, pins, plugs, sockets, insulators, current and voltage rating, coupling, identification codes.</p> <p><i>Electrical Wiring Interconnection System (EWIS)</i> - Continuity, insulation and bonding techniques and testing; Use of crimp tools: hand and hydraulic operated; Testing of crimp joints; Connector pin removal and insertion; Co-axial cables: testing and installation precautions; Identification of wire types, their inspection criteria and damage tolerance; Wiring protection techniques: cable looming and loom support, cable clamps, protective sleeving techniques including heat shrink wrapping, shielding; EWIS installations, inspection, repair, maintenance and cleanliness standards.</p> <p><i>Riveting</i> - Riveted joints, rivet spacing and pitch; Tools used for riveting and dimpling; Inspection of riveted joints.</p> <p><i>Pipes and Unions</i> - Identification of, and types of rigid and flexible pipes and their connectors used in aircraft. Standard unions for aircraft hydraulic, fuel, oil, pneumatic and air system pipes; Bending and belling / flaring aircraft pipes; Inspection and testing of aircraft pipes and hoses; Installation and clamping of pipes.</p> <p><i>Springs</i> - Types of springs, materials, characteristics and applications; Inspection and testing of springs.</p>

	<p>Bearings - Purpose of bearings, loads, material, construction; Types of bearings and their application; Testing, cleaning and inspection of bearings; Lubrication requirements of bearings; Defects in bearings and their causes.</p> <p>Transmissions - Gear types and their application; Gear ratios, reduction and multiplication gear systems, driven and driving gears, idler gears, mesh patterns; Belts and pulleys, chains and sprockets; inspection of gears, backlash; Inspection of belts and pulleys, chains and sprockets; Inspection of screw jacks, lever devices, push-pull rod systems.</p> <p>Control Cables - Types of cables; End fittings, turnbuckles and compensation devices; Pulleys and cable system components; Bowden cables; Aircraft flexible control systems; Swaging of end fittings; Inspection and testing of control cables; Bowden cables; Aircraft flexible control systems.</p> <p>Material handling - Sheet metal: marking out and calculation of bend allowance; sheet metal working, including bending and forming; Inspection of sheet metal work; Composite and non-metallic: Bonding practices; Environmental conditions; Inspection methods.</p> <p>Welding, Brazing, Soldering and Bonding - Soldering methods; Inspection of soldered joints. Welding and brazing methods; Inspection of welded and brazed joints; Bonding methods and inspection of bonded joints.</p>																							
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft inspection and testing (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the applications of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to c).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="491 1227 1417 1370"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes			a	b	c	Lecture	√	√	√	Tutorial	√	√	√								
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
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	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. EASA Module 6 B1 Materials and Hardware, Aircraft Technical Book Co., 3rd Edition 2. EASA Module 7A Maintenance Practice, Aircraft Technical Book Co., 3rd Edition 3. The Jet Engine, Rolls Royce, Latest Edition 4. Pierson, L.T., Airline Maintenance and Aircraft Manufacturing: Analyses of Select Issues, Nova Science Pub Incorporated, 2014. 5. Mix, P.E., Introduction to Nondestructive Testing – A Training Guide, Wiley-Interscience, Second Edition. 6. Balageas, D., Fritzen, C-P, Guemes, A, Structural Health Monitorin, ISTE, Latest Edition. 	

April 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4109
Subject Title	Aircraft Maintenance Practices
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of aircraft maintenance practice and application in modern aircraft maintenance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Acquire good understanding of safety precautions of aircraft and workshop. b. Acquire good understanding of aircraft engineering drawing as well as aircraft fits and clearances system. c. Obtain fundamental knowledge in the area of aircraft screw system and locking devices d. Demonstrate good understanding of aircraft maintenance procedures. e. Apply their knowledge to handle and store aircraft
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Safety Precautions—Aircraft and Workshop – Aspects of safe working practices including precautions to take when working with electricity, gases especially oxygen, oils and chemicals. Also, instruction in the remedial action to be taken in the event of a fire or another accident with one or more of these hazards including knowledge on extinguishing agents.</p> <p>Workshop Practices - Care of tools, control of tools, use of workshop materials; dimensions, allowances and tolerances, standards of workmanship; calibration of tools and equipment, calibration standards.</p> <p>Tools - Common hand tool types; Common power tool types; Operation and use of precision measuring tools; Lubrication equipment and methods; Operation, function and use of electrical general test equipment.</p> <p>Avionic General Test Equipment - Operation, function and use of avionic general test equipment.</p> <p>Engineering Drawings, Diagrams and Standards - Drawing types and diagrams, their symbols, dimensions, tolerances and projections; Identifying title block information; microfilm, microfiche and computerised presentations; Specification 100 of the Air Transport Association (ATA) of America; Aeronautical and other applicable standards including ISO, AN, MS, NAS and MIL; Wiring diagrams and schematic diagrams.</p> <p>Fits and Clearances - Drill sizes for bolt holes, classes of fits; Common system of fits and clearances; Schedule of fits and clearances for aircraft and engines; Limits for bow, twist and wear; standard methods for checking shafts, bearings and other parts.</p> <p>Screw threads - Screw nomenclature; thread forms, dimensions and tolerances for standard threads used in aircraft; measuring screw threads.</p> <p>Locking devices - Tab and spring washers, locking plates, split pins, pal-nuts,</p>

	<p>wire locking, quick release fasteners, keys, circlips, cotter pins.</p> <p>Aircraft Weight and Balance - Centre of gravity / balance limits calculation: use of relevant documents; Preparation of aircraft for weighing; Aircraft weighing.</p> <p>Aircraft Handling and Storage - Aircraft taxiing/towing and associated safety precautions; Aircraft jacking, chocking, securing and associated safety precautions; Aircraft storage methods; Refueling / defuelling procedures; De-icing/anti-icing procedures; Electrical, hydraulic and pneumatic ground supplies; Effects of environmental conditions on aircraft handling and operation.</p> <p>Maintenance Procedures - Maintenance planning; Modification procedures; Stores procedures; Certification / release procedures; Interface with aircraft operation; Maintenance inspection / quality control / quality assurance; Additional maintenance procedures; Control of life limited components.</p>																																	
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft maintenance practices (outcomes a to e).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the applications of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to e).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="518 1021 1465 1167"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="5">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> <th>e</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes					a	b	c	d	e	Lecture	√	√	√	√	√	Tutorial	√	√	√	√	√										
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April 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4110																						
Subject Title	Aircraft Propeller																						
Credit Value	3																						
Level	4																						
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	AAE2102/IC2133 Aircraft Manufacturing and Maintenance Fundamentals																						
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of aircraft propeller and the major design features of modern aircraft propeller.																						
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Obtain fundamental knowledge in the area of blade element theory. b. Demonstrate good understanding of propeller design and construction. c. Acquire good understanding of propeller control system and protection system. d. Apply their knowledge and skills to explain the operation of aircraft propellers under both normal and abnormal situations. 																						
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Propeller Fundamentals - Blade element theory; High/low blade angle, reverse angle, angle of attack, rotational speed; Propeller slip; Aerodynamic, centrifugal, and thrust forces; Torque; Relative airflow on blade angle of attack; Vibration and resonance.</p> <p>Propeller Construction - Construction methods and materials used in wooden, composite and metal propellers; Blade station, blade face, blade shank, blade back and hub assembly; Fixed pitch, controllable pitch, constant speed propeller; propeller/spinner installation.</p> <p>Propeller Pitch Control - Speed control and pitch change methods, mechanical and electrical/electronic; Feathering and reverse pitch; Overspeed protection.</p> <p>Propeller Design Features - Constant speed operations and logic; Stabilizer offset; Engine axis offset; Power absorption</p> <p>.</p>																						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to aircraft propellers (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the applications of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to d).</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lecture	√	√	√	√	Tutorial	√	√	√	√
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Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			
			a	b	c	d
	1. Assignments / Quizzes	50%	√	√	√	√
	2. Final examination	50%	√	√	√	√
	Total	100 %				
<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes: Overall Assessment: $0.5 \times \text{Final Examination} + 0.5 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$ Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments and closed-book quizzes. The continuous assessment is aimed at enhancing the students' comprehension and assimilation of various topics of the syllabus.</p>						
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	▪ Lectures	26 Hrs.				
	▪ Tutorials	13 Hrs.				
	Other student study effort:					
	▪ Assignments	20 Hrs.				
	▪ Self-study	46 Hrs.				
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Rodriquez, C.L., EASA Module 17A Propellers, Aircraft Technical Book Co., 2nd Edition. Weick, F.E. Aircraft Propeller Design, McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc. Latest Edition Kinney, J.R., Reinventing the Propeller. Aeronautical Specialty and the Triumph of the Modern Aircraft, Cambridge University Press, 2017 					

June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4111
Subject Title	Compressible Aerodynamics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3001 Fundamentals of Aerodynamics
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To provide students with knowledge in compressible aerodynamics. 2. To develop students' capability in aerodynamic analysis of canonical geometries, nozzles, airfoils and wings with the consideration of compressibility.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Obtain fundamental knowledge in the area of aerodynamics primarily in inviscid compressible flow. b. Gain comprehensive understanding of compressible flows over canonical geometries, nozzle, airfoils and wings. c. Get familiar with flow physics involved in practical applications including transonic swept wings, shock tubes, super wings, and convergent-divergent nozzles.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Linearized Flow – Full Velocity Potential Equation; Linearized Subsonic Flow; Compressibility Corrections; Linearized Supersonic Flow.</p> <p>Transonic Flows –Velocity Potential Equations for Sub-transonic and Super-transonic Flows; Prandtl-Glauert Rule; Critical Mach number; Drag Divergence; Supercritical Airfoil; Swept Wings; Area Rule.</p> <p>One-Dimensional – Normal Shock Relations; One-Dimensional Flow with Heat Addition; One-Dimensional Flow with Friction;</p> <p>Quasi-One-Dimensional Flows –Area-Velocity Relation; Convergent/Divergent Nozzles and Diffusers.</p> <p>Oblique Shock and Expansion Waves – Oblique Shock Relations; Shock Polar; Pressure-Deflection Diagrams; Shock Interactions; Conical Flow; Prandtl-Meyer Expansion Waves; Supersonic Airfoils.</p> <p>Unsteady Supersonic Flows – Shock Tube Equations; Detonation</p>

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions, homework assignments, test and examination. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for compressible aerodynamics. Technical/scientific examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions. <table border="1" data-bbox="528 499 1450 866"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lectures</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorials</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Homework assignments</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcomes			a	b	c	1. Lectures	√	√	√	2. Tutorials	√	√	√	3. Homework assignments	√	√	√														
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lectures	33 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorials	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self-study	33 Hrs.
	▪ Homework Assignments	50 Hrs.
	Total student study effort:	122 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Anderson J. D., Fundamentals of Aerodynamics. McGraw-Hill, 6th edition, 2016. ISBN 13: 978-1259129919 2. Anderson J. D., Modern Compressible Flow: With Historical Perspective. McGraw-Hill, 3rd edition, 2012. ISBN 13: 978-0072424430 3. Bertin J. J. and Cummings R. M., Aerodynamics for Engineers. Pearson, 6th edition, 2013. ISBN 13: 978-0132832885 	

April 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4201
Subject Title	Flight Control Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3004 Dynamical Systems and Control
Objectives	To provide students with in depth knowledge of manual and powered flight control systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. acquire good understanding of the capabilities of the flight control systems. b. acquire good understanding of the limitations of the flight control systems.. c. acquire good understanding of manual control of the flight control systems. d. acquire good understanding of powered control of the flight control systems including Fly-By -Wire.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tail surfaces and control surfaces Design and construction Describe the following types of construction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) cantilever, ii) non-cantilever (braced). 2. Structural components Describe the function of the following structural components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) spar and its components (web and girder or cap), ii) rib, iii) stringer, iv) skin, v) torsion box. 3. Loads, stresses and aeroelastic vibrations ('flutter') Describe the vertical and horizontal loads on the ground. Describe the loads in flight for symmetrical and asymmetrical conditions, considering both vertical and horizontal loads and loads due to engine failure. Describe the principle of flutter, flutter damping and resonance for the wing and control surfaces. Explain the significance on stress relief and flutter of the following: chord-wise and span-wise position of masses (e.g. engines, fuel and balance masses, control balance masses); <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) torsional stiffness; ii) bending flexibility. Describe the following design configurations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) conventional (low or mid set) tailplane; ii) T-tail.

	<p>4. Primary flight controls Define a 'primary flight control' List the following primary flight control surfaces: i) elevator; ii) aileron, iii) roll spoilers; iv) rudder. List the various means of control surface actuation including: i) manual; ii) fully powered (irreversible); iii) partially powered (reversible).</p> <p>5. Manual controls Explain the basic principle of a fully manual control system.</p> <p>6. Fully powered controls (irreversible) Explain the concept of irreversibility in a flight control system Explain the need for a 'feel system' in a fully powered control system. Explain the operating principle of a stabiliser trim system in a fully powered control system. Explain the operating principle of rudder and aileron trim in a fully powered control system.</p> <p>7. Partially powered controls (reversible) Explain the basic principle of a partially powered control system. Explain why a 'feel system' is not necessary in a partially powered control system.</p> <p>8. System components, design, operation, indications and warnings, degraded modes of operation, jamming List and describe the function of the following components of a flight control system: i) actuators; ii) control valves; iii) cables or electrical wiring; iv) control surface position sensors.</p> <p>Explain how redundancy is obtained in primary flight control systems of large transport aeroplanes.</p> <p>Explain the danger of control jamming and the means of retaining sufficient control capability.</p> <p>Explain the methods of locking the controls on the ground and describe 'gust or control lock' warnings.</p> <p>Explain the concept of a rudder-deflection limitation (rudder limiter) system and the various means of implementation (rudder ratio changer, variable stops, blow-back).</p> <p>9. Secondary flight control: System components, design, operation, degraded modes of operation, indications and warnings Define a 'secondary flight control'</p>
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List the following secondary flight control surfaces:

- i) lift-augmentation devices (flaps and slats);
- ii) speed brakes;
- iii) flight and ground spoilers;
- iv) trimming devices such as trim tabs,
- v) trimmable horizontal stabiliser.

Describe secondary flight control actuation methods and sources of actuating power

Explain the function of a mechanical lock when using hydraulic motors driving a screw jack.

Describe the requirement for limiting speeds for the various secondary flight control surfaces.

For lift-augmentation devices, explain the load-limiting (relief) protection devices and the functioning of an autoretraction system

Explain how a flap/slat asymmetry protection device functions.

Describe the function of an autoslat system.

Explain the concept of control surface blowback (aerodynamic forces overruling hydraulic forces).

10. Fly-by-wire control:

Explain that a FBW flight control system is composed of the following: pilot's input command (control stick/column);

- i) electrical signalling, including:
 - pilot input to computer;
 - computer to flight control surfaces;
 - feedback from aircraft response to computer;
- ii) flight control computers;
- iii) actuators;
- iv) control surfaces.

State the advantages and disadvantages of a FBW system in comparison with a conventional flight control system including:

- i) weight;
- ii) pilot workload;
- iii) flight-envelope protection.

Explain why a FBW system is always irreversible.

State the existence of degraded modes of operation.

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>1. The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorials sessions, homework assignments, tests, case study reports/presentations, and examination.</p> <p>2. The continuous assessments and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required to understanding the impact on environment from the aviation industry and the related mitigation measures.</p> <p>3. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in classes and tutorial sessions.</p>																																											
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June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4202
Subject Title	Electronics & Information Technologies for Unmanned Aerial Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	NIL
Objectives	To provide students with knowledge of electronics and information technologies for unmanned aerial systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. possess all required concepts and skills related to the remote control of unmanned aerial systems; 2. apply the learnt concepts and skills to maintain and perform diagnosis on existing unmanned aerial systems; 3. extend their knowledge to analyze and develop new modules and components in unmanned aerial systems for desired needs.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Dynamics of Aerial Systems</p> <p>Classifications; Modelling and control; Static flight control; Trajectory-following control</p> <p>Electronics Hardware and Radio Frequency Links</p> <p>Phase-locked-loop frequency synthesizers; Modulation schemes employed in remote control; MEMS and modern gyros; Practical antennae and transmission lines; User interfaces electronics for Ground Control Station GCS; Brushless motors and the associated Electronic Speed Controllers ESC; Servo motors and associated interfacing; Issues of electromagnetic interference; Power converters and charging circuits.</p> <p>Embedded Controllers</p> <p>Programming and hardware interfacing; Concept of Real Time Operating Systems RTOS; Implementation of control algorithms.</p>
Teaching/Learning Methodology	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The teaching and learning methods include lectures/hands on sessions, homework assignments, test, mini project and examination. 2. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for unmanned aerial systems.

	<p>3. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/hands on sessions.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="432 241 1345 591"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Hands on</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Homework assignment</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Mini project</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcomes			1	2	3	1. Lecture	✓	✓		2. Hands on	✓	✓		3. Homework assignment	✓	✓		4. Mini project	✓	✓	✓										
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Self-Study 	22 Hrs.																																				

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Mini project 	44 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. D P Kotharim et al, Embedded systems, 2nd Edition, New Academic Science Limited, 2015. 2. Alan Trevennor, Experimenting with AVR microcontrollers, Apress, 2014. 3. Dan Harres, MSP430-based robot applications: a guide to developing embedded systems, Newnes, 2013. 4. Kenzo Nonami et al, Autonomous flying robots: unmanned aerial vehicles and micro aerial vehicles, Springer, 2010. 5. Donald Norris, Build your own quadcopte: power up your designs with the Parallax Elev-8, McGraw-Hill Education, 2014. 6. Reg Austin, Unmanned aircraft systems: UAVs design, development and deployment, Wiley, 2010. 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4203
Subject Title	Guidance and Navigation
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Pre-requisite: AAE3004 Dynamical Systems and Control <u>or</u> AAE4301 Avionics Systems
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To provide a fundamental understanding and knowledge of conventional and modern design and working principles of navigation and guidance for air vehicles. 2. To provide the basic mathematical concepts of navigation by inertial and satellite approaches and guidance laws. 3. To provide an expansive view into the technological trends of future aircraft navigation and guidance systems designs.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Understand and explain the working principles of navigation and guidance systems for air vehicles. b. Competently apply the fundamental mathematical concepts of aircraft navigation. c. Critically evaluate the characteristics, purposes, and design procedures of aircraft navigation and guidance systems. d. Identify the technological and design trends of future aircraft navigation.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p><i>Inertial Navigation System</i> – reference frames; principles of inertial navigation; gyroscope and accelerometer; attitude estimation and Euler angles</p> <p><i>Satellite Navigation System</i> – principles of satellite navigation; ICAO requirements on accuracy, integrity, continuity and availability; nominal and erroneous errors; integrity monitoring and augmentation systems (ABAS, SBAS, GBAS) for different flight phases, e.g. en-route, non-precision approach and precision approach.</p> <p><i>Integrated Navigation System</i> – Kalman filter and estimation theory; integration of inertial and satellite navigation; redundancy and consistency check.</p> <p><i>Guidance in Aviation</i> –LOS, PN Guidance laws. Modern Guidance Law; Fundamental of Guidance and Control Systems; Principles of LNAV and VNAV, Autopilot and Auto-Landing Systems.</p> <p><i>Area Navigation Systems</i> – Concepts of RNP, RNAV and PBN; area navigation procedures; key components in RNAV; future trend of area navigation</p>

	<p>Case Studies - Design and discussion of navigation and guidance systems for various air vehicles. Technological trends in future aircraft navigation and guidance systems.</p>																																								
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental concepts, theory, mathematical background and technical knowledge related to Radar, Aircraft Guidance and Navigation (outcomes a, b, c and d).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to provide a deeper understanding of the theoretical material, and to put theoretical material into use via practical examples and demonstrations (outcomes b and c).</p> <p>Homework assignments, in the form of quiz and problems and case studies, and mini group research project, are used to allow students to reflect on and deepen their knowledge on a selected topic (outcomes a, b, c and d).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="520 792 1449 1151"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorial</td> <td></td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Mini Group Project</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Homework assignments</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	1. Lecture	√	√	√	√	2. Tutorial		√	√		3. Mini Group Project			√	√	4. Homework assignments	√	√													
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Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratory/Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Continue Assessment	35 Hrs.
	▪ Self-study	36 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	110 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. David Wyatt, Aircraft Flight Instruments and Guidance Systems: Principles, Operations and Maintenance, Routledge, latest edition. 2. Lawrence, Modern Inertial Technology – Navigation, Guidance, and Control latest edition, Mechanical Engineering Series, Springer, latest edition. 3. Modern Navigation, Guidance and Control Processing Volume-II, Ching-Fang Lin, Prentice Hall Series in Advanced Navigation, Guidance and Control and Their Applications. 	

June 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4304
Subject Title	Advanced Positioning and Navigation Systems
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with advanced knowledge of positioning and navigation systems.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. possess all required mathematical concepts and skills related to the area of positioning and navigation; 2. apply the learnt concepts and skills to maintain and perform diagnosis on existing positioning and navigation systems; 3. extend their knowledge to analyze and develop new electronic modules and components in positioning and navigation for desired needs.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Introduction and Radio Theory: EM radiation (radio waves); dipole aerial; polarization; radio frequency spectrum; frequency, amplitude, pulse and phase modulation; SSB in HF communications; pulse modulation; classification of emissions; refraction, reflection, diffraction and attenuation; dipole, parabolic, phase array and slotted antennae; VHF; VHF/UHF; signal propagation; atmospheric/ionospheric ducting; Doppler effect;</p> <p>NDB and ADF: ground DF; VDF let-down procedure; NDB frequencies; NDBs locators and beacons; ground installations; BFO; NON A1A and NON A2A; ADF; cardioid polar diagram; RBI/RMI; errors of NDB/ADF; ICAO required fixing accuracy of NDBs; QDM and QDR interception</p> <p>VOR and VOR Tracking: VOR frequencies; principle of operation; aircraft navigation reception equipment; aircraft installation; VOR indicator/OBI; ICAO required accuracy of VOR; error of VOR; self-monitoring function; radial cross cuts;</p> <p>Landing Aids: DME, interrogation response, required accuracy, transmission classification PON, beacon saturation. ILS Localiser, Glide-path, ILS displays on the OBI, HSI and EFIS PFD, limits of ILS CATI, II and III, MLS, principle of operation, ICAO required accuracy</p> <p>Radar: Radar theory, operating frequencies, pulse radar, radar mile, factors controlling bearing and range resolution, ground based radars, Airborne</p>

	<p>Weather Radar (AWR), CWR (radio altimeter), Mention Doppler Radar (MTR)</p> <p>Transponders: SSR transponders, operation principle, digital data in pulse transmission, Mode A and C, ADS-B</p> <p>Area Navigation Systems (RNAV), FMS & EFIS: ICAO Annex 11; B-RNAV and P-RNAV; operation of basic RNAV; limitations of B-RNAV; RNP; FMC/FMS operation; internal database content and structure; FMS set-up procedure; EFIS system; recognise and interpret glass cockpit displays; failure warnings; SEI</p> <p>Global Navigation Satellite Systems -FANS & RNAV Approaches: ICAO required accuracy for GPS; GPS in ADS-B</p>																																	
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions, homework assignments, test, case study report and examination. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for positioning and navigation. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions. <table border="1" data-bbox="520 1120 1434 1469"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Homework assignment</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Case study report</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Intended subject learning outcomes			1	2	3	1. Lecture	√	√		2. Tutorial	√	√		3. Homework assignment	√	√		4. Case study report	√	√	√										
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	<p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment:</p> <p>0.40 End of Subject Examination + 0.60 Continuous Assessment</p> <p>The continuous assessment consists of three components: homework assignments, test, and case study. They are aimed at evaluating the progress of students study, assisting them in self-monitoring of fulfilling the respective subject learning outcomes, and enhancing the integration of the knowledge learnt. The examination is used to assess the knowledge acquired by the students for understanding and analyzing the problems critically and independently; as well as to determine the degree of achieving the subject learning outcomes.</p>	
<p>Student Study Effort Expected</p>	<p>Class contact:</p>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lecture 	<p>26 Hrs.</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tutorial 	<p>13 Hrs.</p>
	<p>Other student study effort:</p>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Self-Study 	<p>22 Hrs.</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Case Study 	<p>44 Hrs.</p>
	<p>Total student study effort</p>	<p>105 Hrs.</p>
<p>Reading List and References</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Oxford ATPL Manual 11 - Radio Navigation – EASA</i>, Oxford Publishing, Latest Edition 2. Davide Dardari et al, <i>Satellite and terrestrial radio positioning techniques: a signal processing perspective</i>, Oxford Academic Press, 2012. 3. Pratap Misra, <i>Global positioning system : signals, measurements, and performance</i>, Ganga-Jamuna Press, 2006 4. Pat Langley-Price et al, <i>Ocean yachtmaster : Adlard Coles' coursebook for ocean navigation student</i>, Adlard Coles Nautical, 2007. 5. Mohinder S. Grewal, <i>Global navigation satellite systems, inertial navigation, and integration</i>, John Wiley & Sons, 2013 6. Aboelmagd Noureldin, <i>Fundamentals of inertial navigation, satellite-based positioning and their integration</i>, Springer, 2013 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4902
Subject Title	Pilot Ground Theory
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To teach the fundamental knowledge to students who wish to learn the technical and theoretical aspects of flying, and have the desire to pursue their PPL or CPL in the future. 2. To familiarize student with the use of aeronautical information services, government references and publications for flight planning and navigation purposes. 3. To teach students aeromedical factor and pilot decision-making to improve pilot's performance. 4. To develop student's knowledge on the essential knowledge in airworthiness, preparation for flight, and the safe operation of aircraft.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Possess good knowledge in pilot (aeroplane) ground theory including air law, flight rules and procedures. b. Efficiently utilize aeronautical information services, government references and publications for flight planning and navigation purposes. c. Recognize the influence and importance of human factor and human performance on flight safety. d. Possess in-depth understanding of the principle of flight, operation of airplane, pre-flight and airworthiness.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Aviation Law, Flight Rules and Procedure - Aviation law, Flight Rules and Procedure covering: The Air Navigation Order, The Hong Kong Aeronautical Information Publication, Hong Kong Civil Aviation (Investigation of Accidents) Regulations, AOPA Ground Training Manual.</p> <p>Navigation - Meteorology, Aviation Weather Theory and Aviation Weather Services, Air Traffic Control and Airspace, Aeronautical Charts, Navigation Charts and Publications, Communication, Radar Navigation Systems.</p> <p>Aircraft - Airplane Instruments and Basics of Onboard Guidance and Navigation Systems from a pilot's perspective. Airplane Performance, Aircraft Weight and Balance.</p> <p>Aeromedical Factors and Aeronautical Decision Making - Basic Aviation Physiology and Health Maintenance, Human Limitations, Stress and Stress Management, Ergonomics of the Flight Deck, the Decision-Making Process and Situational Awareness.</p>

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental theory, technical and operational knowledge, and civil aviation regulations that are studied by student private and commercial pilots in ground theory courses. The knowledge will provide the fundamental knowledge necessary to students who may wish to later pursue their private or commercial pilot's licenses (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate and familiarize the application of fundamental knowledge to practical flight situations (outcomes b and c).</p> <p>Homework assignments, in the form of investigations and evaluations, case studies and flight planning, are used to allow students to deepen their knowledge on a selected topic through search of information, analysis of data and report writing (outcomes a to d).</p> <p>Experiments, likely in the form of flight simulation, are used to relate the concepts to practical applications and evaluation of flight performance (outcomes a, b and d).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="437 768 1383 1115"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching and Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Homework assignments</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Experiment</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching and Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	Lecture	✓	✓	✓	✓	Tutorial		✓	✓		Homework assignments	✓	✓	✓	✓	Experiment	✓	✓		✓											
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	<p>sufficiently practical to allow students to apply the theories and concept in practice.</p> <p>The experiment, likely in the form of flight simulation, is designed and aimed to provide students with a taste of flying as a pilot in a safe controlled environment, while at the same time allowed the individual pilot ground theory skills to be evaluated.</p> <p>Test and Examination serve to evaluate the student's ability in all of the intended learning outcomes.</p>	
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial / Experiment	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Course work	30 Hrs.
	▪ Self-study	36 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. CAD 54 – Requirements Document: Pilot Licenses and Associated Ratings, Hong Kong Civil Aviation Department. 2. Paul E, Illman, The Pilot's Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, latest edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, latest edition. 3. FAA Pilot's Handbook of Aeronautical Knowledge, FAA-H-8083-25A, Flight Standard Service, US DOT FAA, latest edition. 	

December 2019

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4903
Subject Title	Human Factors in Aviation
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with fundamental human factors concepts and develop students' understanding of the applied multi-disciplinary approach mostly concerned on airline transport pilot perspective.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. explain the basic concepts of human factors HF in the aviation industry; b. explain the application of ergonomics in flight deck design; and c. identify and explain the human errors in airport operations, air traffic control, and pilot operation.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Human Factors: Basic Concepts - Human factors in aviation, Accident statistics, Flight safety concepts, Safety culture.</p> <p>Basic Aviation Physiology - Basics of flight physiology, The atmosphere, Respiratory and circulatory system, High-altitude environment Central, peripheral and autonomic nervous systems, Vision, Hearing, Equilibrium, Integration of sensory inputs.</p> <p>Health Maintenance - Health and hygiene, Personal hygiene, Body rhythm and sleep, Problem areas for pilots, Intoxication, Incapacitation in flight.</p> <p>Basic Aviation Psychology - Human information processing, Attention and vigilance, Perception, Memory, Response selection, Human error and reliability, Reliability of human behavior, Mental models and situation awareness, Theory and model of human error, Error generation, Decision-making, Avoiding and managing errors: Safety awareness, Coordination (multi-crew concepts), Cooperation, Communication, cockpit management: Personality, attitude and behavior, Individual differences in personality and motivation, Identification of hazardous attitudes (error proneness), Human behavior: Arousal, Stress, Fatigue and stress management, Human overload and underload, Advanced cockpit automation: Advantages and disadvantages, Automation complacency, Working concepts.</p>

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>Lectures are used to deliver the fundamental knowledge in relation to various aspects of aviation systems (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Tutorials are used to illustrate the application of fundamental knowledge to practical situations (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Group mini-projects are used to help students to deepen their knowledge on a specific topic through search of information, analysis of data and report writing (outcomes a to c).</p> <p>Special seminar(s) delivered by invited industrial professionals may be used to relate the concepts learnt in class to engineering practices. Students are expected to achieve better understanding of human factors through this activity (outcomes a and c).</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="470 660 1396 974"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="3">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Lecture</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorial</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mini-project</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Special seminar</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes			a	b	c	Lecture	✓	✓	✓	Tutorial	✓	✓	✓	Mini-project	✓	✓	✓	Special seminar	✓		✓										
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<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="470 1041 1396 1444"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="3">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Assignments</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Group mini-project</td> <td>10%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Test</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Examination</td> <td>50%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100%</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes:</p> <p>Overall Assessment: $0.50 \times \text{End of Subject Examination} + 0.50 \times \text{Continuous Assessment}$</p> <p>Examination is adopted to assess students on the overall understanding and the ability of applying the concepts. It is supplemented by continuous assessment including assignments, group mini-project, and test. The continuous assessment is aimed at enhancing the students' comprehension and assimilation of various topics of the syllabus. In particular, group mini-project is used to assess the students' capacities of self-learning and problem-solving and effective communication skill in English so as to fulfill the requirements of working in the aviation industry.</p>					Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed			a	b	c	1. Assignments	20%	✓	✓	✓	2. Group mini-project	10%	✓	✓	✓	3. Test	20%	✓	✓	✓	4. Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓	Total	100%			
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3. Test	20%	✓	✓	✓																																		
4. Examination	50%	✓	✓	✓																																		
Total	100%																																					

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hrs.
	▪ Tutorial	6 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Course work	21 Hrs.
	▪ Self-study	45 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Salas, Eduardo, Florian Jentsch, and Dan Maurino, eds. Human factors in aviation. Academic Press, 2010. 2. Oxford ATPL Manual 8 - Human Performance & Limitations - EASA, 1st Edition, Oxford Publishing. 3. FAA (2007). Operator's manual: Human factors in airport Operations. 4. Reason J.T. & Hobbs, A.. Managing Maintenance Error: A Practical Guide. Ashgate, latest edition. 	

January 2018

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AAE4904
Subject Title	Meteorology in Aviation
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/ Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	To provide students with general knowledge of a pilot completing a safe flight in given meteorological conditions and the effect of weather conditions within the atmosphere to aircraft operation.
Intended Learning Outcomes	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. possess essential knowledge and skills in the area of aircraft meteorology; b. identify all the weather information which may affect a given flight; c. analyse and evaluate available weather information before flight as well as that collected in flight; and d. apply a solution to any problems presented by weather conditions.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<p>Wind - Definition and measurement of wind, Primary cause of wind, General global circulation, Local winds, Mountain waves (standing waves, lee waves), Turbulence, Jet streams.</p> <p>Thermodynamics – Humidity, Change of state of aggregation, Adiabatic processes.</p> <p>Clouds and Fog - Cloud formation and description, Fog, mist, haze.</p> <p>Precipitation - Development of precipitation, Types of precipitation.</p> <p>Air Masses and Fronts - Air masses and Fronts.</p> <p>Pressure Systems - The principal pressure areas, Anticyclone, Non-frontal depressions, Tropical revolving storms.</p> <p>Climatology - Climatic zones, Tropical climatology, Typical weather situations in the mid-latitudes, Local winds and associated weather.</p> <p>Flight Hazards – Icing, Turbulence, Wind shear, Thunderstorms, Tornadoes, Inversions, Stratospheric conditions, Hazards in mountainous areas, Visibility-reducing phenomena.</p> <p>Meteorological Information - Observation, Weather charts, Information for flight planning, Meteorological services.</p>

<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The teaching and learning methods include lectures/tutorial sessions, homework assignments, test, case study report and examination. The continuous assessment and examination are aimed at providing students with integrated knowledge required for aircraft meteorology. Technical/practical examples and problems are raised and discussed in class/tutorial sessions. Special seminar(s) delivered by invited industrial professionals may be used to relate the concepts learnt in class to aviation practices.. <table border="1" data-bbox="520 539 1466 855"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Teaching/Learning Methodology</th> <th colspan="4">Outcomes</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Lecture</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tutorial</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Homework assignment</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> <td>√</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Teaching/Learning Methodology	Outcomes				a	b	c	d	1. Lecture	√	√	√	√	2. Tutorial	√	√			3. Homework assignment	√	√	√	√					
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Total	100%																													

Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:	
	▪ Lecture	33 Hours
	▪ Tutorial	6 Hours
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Self-Study	66 Hours
	Total student study effort	105 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Oxford ATPL Manual 9 - Meteorology – EASA</i>, Oxford Publishing, Last Edition. 2. Roy Quantick, <i>Climatology for Airline Pilots</i>, John Wiley & Sons, Last Edition. 3. S. Raghavan, <i>Radar Meteorology</i>, Springer Science & Business Media, Last Edition. 	

February 2020

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ISE3004
Subject Title	Systems Modeling and Simulation
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject provides students with</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the basic system concept and definitions of system; 2. techniques to model and to simulate various systems; 3. the ability to analyze a system and to make use of the information to improve the performance.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. understand the system concept and apply functional modeling method to model the activities of a static system; b. understand the behavior of a dynamic system and create an analogous model for a dynamic system; c. simulate the operation of a dynamic system and make improvement according to the simulation results.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>System definitions and classification</u> Introduction to system definitions. System Classification. Components in a System. 2. <u>Basic Static and Dynamic System Modeling Techniques</u> Static System Modeling: IDEF0 (Input, Control, Output, Mechanism). Dynamic System Modeling: Stella (Stock, Flow, Converter). 3. <u>Introduction to Discrete Event Simulation</u> Analytical and Simulation Modeling, Simulation Worldviews, Preparation for Model Building. Generation of Random Number and Vitiata. Introduction to Distribution Functions, Fitting of Probability Distribution Function to Data. 4. <u>Applications of Discrete Event Simulation</u> Simulation Modeling with Probabilistic Functions. Applications of

	Simulation in Business, Medical, Manufacturing and Transportation systems.							
Teaching/Learning Methodology	The emphasis of this subject is on application aspects and considerable efforts are needed on hand-on activities. Teaching is conducted through class lectures, tutorials, laboratory exercises and a mini-project in related to the application of simulation. The lectures are targeted at the understanding system concept, modeling methods, and different simulation techniques. Substantial works on laboratory exercises and tutorials are employed to enforce students' capabilities in building system models and application of simulation software. The mini-project is to give students a chance of conducting a simulation related project in a more comprehensive manner, and test/quiz is used to classify students' achievement in this subject.							
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks		% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed				
				a	b	c		
	Laboratory/Exercise		40%	✓	✓			
	Mini-project/Case Study		30%			✓		
	Test/Quiz		30%	✓	✓	✓		
	Total		100 %					
Each laboratory exercise would be divided into two parts such that the group work would have to be submitted by the end of the laboratory class while the individual component can be hand-in afterward. Test/quiz will be given to assess students' learning outcomes, and, a mini-project in related to application of simulation in practical situation.								
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:							
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Lecture/Seminar 2 hours/week for 6 weeks 						12 Hrs.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Tutorial/Hand-on Exercise 2 hours/week for 3 weeks 						6 Hrs.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Laboratory/Case Study/Test 3 hours/week for 5 weeks + 6 hours/week for 1 week 						21 Hrs.	
	Other student study effort:							
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Project report 						31 Hrs.		

	▪ Self Study/Laboratory Report	52 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	122 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Zeigler, BP, Praehofer, H, Kim, TG 2000, <i>Theory of Modeling and Simulation: Integrating Discrete Event and Continuous Complex Dynamic Systems</i>, Academic Press 2. Altioek, T, Melamed, B 2007, <i>Simulation Modeling and Analysis with Arena</i>, Academic Press 3. Evans, JR, Olson, DL 2001, <i>Introduction to Simulation and Risk Analysis</i>, Prentice Hall, New Jersey 4. Banks J. et al., 2010, <i>Discrete-Event System Simulation</i>, Pearson Education 5. Kelton, WD, Sadowski, R, Zupick, 2014, <i>Simulation with Arena</i>, McGraw-Hill 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ISE3013
Subject Title	Data Management in Aviation Industries
Credit Value	3
Level	3
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>The subject will enable students to develop the ability to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. describe the basic concepts and methods of data management; 2. formulate models for quantitative analysis of managerial problems; 3. derive the data requirements of aviation management project; 4. identify the major applications and limitations of data management for the aviation industries; 5. apply data management techniques and tools for aviation management projects.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. understand the basic principles of data management by demonstrating a basic level of knowledge regarding the practical use of Decision Support and Business Intelligence Systems for data management; b. convert a managerial decision problem into a model formulation to provide the necessary decision support information for practitioners in the aviation industries; c. formulate a data management plan in the context of aviation management; d. apply data management tools in the context of aviation management, showing a moderate level of skills in using related decision support and modeling applications.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Introduction to Data Management</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Why Data Management is needed in the Aviation Industries - the data life cycle, data sharing requirements, naming conventions, metadata, storage, data ownership, security, privacy, and long-term access, basic concepts in data science and mathematical modeling. 2. <u>Data Visualization: Pattern Analysis</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Introduction to data visualization - Patterns and models through On-Line Analytical Processing (OLAP) and MS-Excel tools based on datasets gathered in the aviation

	<p>industries.</p> <p>3. <u>Data Mining and Techniques for Operational and Managerial Data in the Aviation Industries</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Beyond pattern analysis, performing complex data analysis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clustering; - Single factor and two factor analysis; - t- test and ANOVA test - Moving average technique; Exponential smoothing (forecasting) - Cases studies drawn from industrial and business applications in the Aviation Industries. 																																															
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>A mix of lectures, tutorials, and lab sessions is used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Lectures are conducted to introduce students to theoretical concepts and techniques. Some topics are covered in a problem-based format to enhance learning objectives. Lab sessions will be used to illustrate practical application of theories and techniques. Students are given the opportunity to gain hands-on experience on operating Data Management tools during the laboratory sessions.</p>																																															
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="443 920 1473 1379"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="6">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th>c</th> <th>d</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Project</td> <td>30%</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Lab exercise</td> <td>30%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Test I, II</td> <td>40%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100%</td> <td colspan="6"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Continuous assessments consist of a project, lab exercises, presentation, and quizzes that are designed to facilitate students to achieve the intended learning outcomes. Lab exercise is designed to encourage students to acquire deep understanding of the relevant knowledge from hands-on practice. Project is designed to enhance students' ability to holistically apply what they have learnt in the context of a real problem through team work. Presentation is designed to facilitate students to show ability to communicate complex concepts clearly. Quiz is designed to test students' understanding and application of theoretical concepts and techniques acquired.</p>		Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						a	b	c	d			1. Project	30%			✓	✓			2. Lab exercise	30%		✓					3. Test I, II	40%	✓	✓					Total	100%						
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Preparation for the lab reports ▪ Preparation for tests and self-study 	21 Hrs.
		60 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	120 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Han JW, Kamber M, and Pei J 2011, <i>Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques</i>, 3rd ed., Morgan Kaufmann Publishers 2. Tan, P, Steinbach M and Kumar V 2006, <i>Introduction to Data Mining</i>, Addison Wesley 3. Berson A, and Dubov L 2010, <i>Master Data Management And Data Governance</i>, 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill 4. Taylor, B W III 2012, <i>Introduction to Management Science</i>, 11th ed., Prentice Hall 5. Winston, W L 2011, <i>Microsoft® Excel® 2010: Data Analysis and Business Modeling</i>, 3rd ed., Microsoft Press 	

Subject Description Form

Subject Code	ISE4014
Subject Title	Aircraft Service Engineering and Logistics
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite/Co-requisite/Exclusion	Nil
Objectives	<p>This subject will enable students to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. estimate failure rate of aircrafts; 2. evaluate aircraft reliability; 3. schedule an optimal maintenance plan for aircrafts; 4. maintain fleet readiness; 5. apply principles of quality assurance, quality control, and reliability standards for aircraft services.
Intended Learning Outcomes	<p>Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. understand and apply different methodologies in aircraft maintenance, such as condition monitored, on-condition and scheduled maintenance process; b. understand and apply different scheduling methodologies to plan and design fleet aircraft maintenance schedule to maximize aircraft reliability and availability.
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>Fundamentals of Maintenance</u> Aircraft Reliability; Types of Maintenance; Failure Rate Patterns; Aircraft Ageing; Technology in Aircraft Maintenance. 2. <u>Development of Maintenance Program</u> Process-Oriented Maintenance; Task-Oriented Maintenance; Maintenance Program Documents; Line Maintenance Operations and Schedule; Aircraft Logbook. 3. <u>Aircraft Maintenance Management</u> Role of Management in Aviation; Aircraft Maintenance Management Structure; Aircraft Maintenance Planning and Scheduling; Management Area of Concerns in an Airline; Cost of aircraft

	<p>maintenance; Implementing Human Factors in Maintenance.</p> <p>4. <u>Aviation Industry Certification Requirements</u></p> <p>Aircraft Maintenance Engineer; Aircraft certification; Delivery Inspection; Operator certification; Certification of Personnel; Aviation Maintenance certification; JAA joint certifications; National certifications; FAA type certification.</p>																																																						
<p>Teaching/Learning Methodology</p>	<p>A mixture of lectures, tutorials, and projects are used to deliver the various topics in this subject. Some materials are covered in a problem-based format, exercise, and assignments to enhance learning effectiveness. Others will be covered through directed study in order to enhance the students' ability of "learning to learn." Some case studies, mainly based on business and industrial experience, are used to integrate these topics and thereby demonstrate to students how the various principles and techniques are inter-related and how they apply in real-life situations.</p>																																																						
<p>Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="518 947 1469 1527"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Specific assessment methods/tasks</th> <th rowspan="2">% weighting</th> <th colspan="6">Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed</th> </tr> <tr> <th>a</th> <th>b</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Laboratory work</td> <td>10%</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Individual Assignment (×3)</td> <td>45%</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Group Project</td> <td>20%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Test</td> <td>25%</td> <td>✓</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>100%</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The assignments are designed to assess students' understanding about the knowledge of aircraft maintenance and certifications.</p> <p>The tutorials and exercises are designed to assess students' understanding of analyzing reliability and failure rate patterns.</p> <p>The projects and case studies are designed to assess students' understanding of the working principles in the development of maintenance program and management.</p> <p>The test is designed to assess students' understanding of the topics and whether they can present the concepts clearly.</p>	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed						a	b					1. Laboratory work	10%	✓						2. Individual Assignment (×3)	45%		✓					3. Group Project	20%	✓	✓					4. Test	25%	✓	✓					Total	100%						
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Effort Expected	▪ Lectures	21 Hrs.
	▪ Laboratories	18 Hrs.
	Other student study effort:	
	▪ Assignments and exercises	25 Hrs.
	▪ Self-learning and practice for projects	30 Hrs.
	▪ Test preparations	25 Hrs.
	Total student study effort	119 Hrs.
Reading List and References	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Kinnison, Harry A. 2013, <i>Aviation Maintenance Management</i>, McGraw-Hill 2. Friend, C.H. 1992, <i>Aircraft Maintenance Management</i>, Longman 3. Florio, Fillppo De 2006, <i>Airworthiness An Introduction to Aircraft Certification</i>, A Guide to Understanding JAA, EASA, and FAA Standards 4. Kroe, Micheal J., Watkins, William A., and Delp, Frank 2013, <i>Aircraft Maintenance and Repair</i>, Seventh Edition, McGraw-Hill Professional 5. Salas, Eduardo, Jentsch, Florian, and Maurino, Dan 2010, <i>Human Factors in Aviation</i>, Academic Press 	