The Hong Kong Polytechnic University

Subject Description Form

Please read the notes at the end of the table carefully before completing the form.

Subject Code	APSS3S01				
Subject Title	Community Psychology				
Credit Value	3				
Level	3				
GUR Requirements Intended to Fulfill	This subject intends to fulfill the following requirement(s) : Healthy Lifestyle AI and Data Analytics (AIDA) Innovation and Entrepreneurship (IE) Languages and Communication Requirement (LCR) Leadership Education and Development (LEAD) Service-Learning Cluster-Area Requirement (CAR) Human Nature, Relations and Development [CAR A] Science, Technology and Environment [CAR D] Chinese History and Culture [CAR M] Cultures, Organizations, Societies and Globalization [CAR N] China-Study Requirement Yes or No Writing and Reading Requirements English or Chinese				
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	APSS 1A07 / 111 Introduction to Psychology OR APSS 298 Applied Psychology				
Assessment Methods	100%ContinuousIndividual AssessmentGroupAssessmentCommunity service1learning project performance evaluation30%Service learning 2reflective report & ongoing reflection25%25%Group project and 342 Short Quizzes20%5SLLO E-learning module5%5%	Assessment 10%			

	6 Class participation 10%					
	 The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned; The completion and submission of all component assignments are required for passing the subject; and Student must pass all component(s) if he/she is to pass the subject. 					
Objectives	1. Understand the role of social, political, and economic factors in the development of community approaches to community health, with a focus on community intervention effectiveness;					
	2. Develop a working knowledge of different approaches to prevent problems of psychosocial nature and promote community health and examines how these can be practically implemented, especially in relation to community constraints;					
	3. Understand the application of ecological, developmental, and systems theories and community psychology values to the study of interpersonal adaptation and critical community problems such as behavioral health of adolescents; and alleviation of intergenerational poverty through mentoring; and caregiving in the community context.					
Intended Learning	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:					
Outcomes (Note 1)	Through the service learning module and seminars, students are expected to develop the following behavioral competence upon completion of this course and its complimentary service learning module:					
	a. Analyze how individual differences shape a person's experiences of and perspectives one's immediate community, the society, and the world as a whole					
	b. Analyze a contemporary issue in one's community from a multidisciplinary perspective					
	c. Apply concepts about human and social behavior to particular social issues or community interventions					
	d. Analyze and synthesize information and ideas from multiple sources to generate new insights with reference to tenets in community psychology and their applications in community settings					
	e. Apply the knowledge and skills acquired to deal with complex issues in the service setting					
	f. Reflect on their role and responsibilities both as a professional in their chosen discipline and as a responsible citizen					
	g. Demonstrate empathy for people in need and a strong sense of civic responsibility					
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Selected community psychology concepts and methods will be examined in the relational context of individuals and their community:					
(Note 2)	1. Community psychology and community science as an avenue towards system change					

	2. Definition of communit	ty, the sense of community, & human diversity			
	3. Community participation: Civic Engagement, empowerment, and fact community participation				
	4. Prevention and promo context	tion of health or social care initiatives in a community			
	community settings t	learner's role: Practising moral and ethical learning at through applying principles in human diversity and f professional practice at community settings			
	6. Engagement with co Interpersonal skills and	ommunity service organization staffs & recipients: teamwork			
Teaching/Learning Methodology (Note 3)	1. e-Learning Module in service learning Students are requested to attend the 10 hours e-learning module developed and delivered by the Service-Learning and Leadership Office (SLLO) at PolyU, introducin the basic concepts and practice of service learning. Students are required to complet the e-learning module within the first four weeks of the semester.				
	2. Lecturers, seminars and tutorials Lectures, tutorials and/or workshops are designed to equip students with the discipline- specific knowledge, including health promotion and prevention, empowerment, and sense of community and social capital. Furthermore, formulation and implementation of community interventions targeting community health, individual's wellness, and civic society at a higher level will also be introduced.				
	Seminars are also provided to equip students with the project-specific skills such a engagement and communication skills with service recipients. When appropriate, gue speakers from the service agencies will be invited to deliver the message.				
	3. Community Service Learning project The students can participate in either a health promotion or a child development program. Within the program, the students are expected to work closely with the collaborative agency to deliver a range of tasks and activities to the service recipients.				
	The students would be divided into teams of around five persons. Each team would participate in specific tasks or duties assigned by the service agency. In the meantime, the students would be encouraged to propose new project ideas and liaise with the organization to try new initiatives, according to the community and service needs. The students may need to work occasionally on weekend or out of school time, depending on the arrangement with the service agency.				
	The tentative service components and work tasks of each program is listed in the following:				
	Partner	South Kwai Chung Social Services (SKCSS) / Kwai Tsing Safe Community and Healthy City Association Ltd (KTSCHCA)			
	Projects	Students may participate in various health promotion and prevention projects under the SKCSS / KTSCHCA. QK blog adopted a tripartite model with strong community support, aiming at connecting education,			

Students are required to write reflective journals (Pre-service, During-service, and Post-

service) or a reflective report to demonstrate their ability to: a) develop generic skills, including, but not limited to, observation, communication, teamwork, social responsibility and awareness, b) link their service learning experience to the discipline knowledge and concept, c) develop critical thinking and perspective when analyzing social issues and problems, aligning with the community psychology orientation.

In the essay, students will be asked to demonstrate how the experience they have drawn from the service learning subject could be understood, explained, or predicted with the concepts and theories of community psychology taught in this subject in a more formal, academic presentation.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)							
Outcomes			а	b	c	d	e	f	g	
(Note 4)	1. Group Project presentation of CSL	10%			~	~	~	~	~	
	2. CSL performance evaluation	30%					~	~	✓	
	3. Service learning reflective report & ongoing reflection	25%	~	~	~	~	~			
	4. Quizzes	20%	~	~	~	~	~			
	5. E-learning module	5%	~	~	~	~	~			
	6. Class participation	10%	~	~	~	~				
	Total	100%*								
	 *The grade is calculated according to the percentage assigned. 1. <u>Assessment of Group Project Presentation</u>: Presentation of group's projects at service learning settings will assess students' ability to incorporate their experiential learning as well as core subject matter knowledge into an ecologically relevant application. Students will demonstrate their competence in blending those two core features in this course. 2. <u>Assessment of Individual's CSL performance</u>: With the aid of a structured report, coordinators and supervisors at the CSL settings will be requested to provide input for evaluation of students' involvement and competence during service delivery. 									
	3. <u>Assessment of Individual's application and reflection of classroom & CSL</u> <u>learning – Written Assignment</u> : Reflective journals and essays will be assessed in terms of how students blend theories learnt in class coverage of subject matter and practice in their community service learning experience. The SOLO taxonomy on capturing students' learning outcome, which categorized students' capacity from simply retaining knowledge to application of concepts in extended abstract form, will form the basis for grading criteria.									
	4. <u>Quiz</u> : Quizzes w	ill be part of	the co	oursew	vork, a	ims a	t cons	solida	ting students	s'

	 comprehension of the essential and content knowledge bloc units. The questions are based on the weekly required reading. <u>E-Learning Module in service learning</u>: Students are reconumber sessions of e-learning module developed and delive Learning and Leadership Office (SLLO) of PolyU, introduct and practice of service learning. 	ing and the lecture. quested to attend a pred by the Service-				
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact:					
	Lecture, seminar and project presentation	32 Hrs.				
	E-learning module	10 Hrs				
	Service learning preparation, reading, self-reflection and writing task	50 Hrs				
	Service project	40 Hrs				
	Total student study effort	132 Hrs.				
Reading List and References	TextbookJason, L. A., Glantsman, O., O'Brien, J. F., & Ramian, K. N. (2019). Introduction to Community Psychology: Becoming an Agent of Change. (L. A. Jason, O. Glantsman, J. F. O'Brien, & K. N. Ramian, Eds.). Chicago, IL: Depaul University. Available at https://press.rebus.community/introductiontocommunitypsychology/					
	Recommended Readings					
	Orford, J (2008). Community Psychology: Challenges, Controversies and Emerging Consensus. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley. ISBN: 9780470773154. DOI:10.1002/9780470773154					
	 Kloos, B., Hill, J., Thomas, E., Wandersman, A., Elias, M. J., & Dalton, J. H. (2012). <i>Community psychology: Linking individuals and communities</i> (3rd ed.). Belmont, CA: Wadsworth / Cengage Learning. 					
	 Best, A., Stokols, D., Green, L. W., Leischow, S., Holmes, B., & Buchholz, K. (2003). An Integrative Framework for Community Partnering to Translate Theory Into Effective Health Promotion Strategy. <i>American Journal of Health Promotion</i>, 18(2), 168-176. 					
	Butterfoss, F. D. (2006). Process evaluation for community participation. <i>Annual Review of Public Health</i> , 27(1), 323-340.					
	Butterfoss, F. D. (2007). <i>Coalitions and partnerships in community health</i> . San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.					
	Chan, C.C. (2010). Community Psychology in Chinese Societi (Ed.). <i>The Oxford Handbook of Chinese Psycho</i> University Press. pp.441-456.					

Kreuter, M. W., Lezin, N. A., & Young, L. A. (2000). Evaluating Community-Based Collaborative Mechanisms: Implications for Practitioners. <i>Health Promotion</i> <i>Practice</i> , 1(1), 49-63.
Luke, D. A. (2005). Getting the Big Picture in Community Science: Methods That Capture Context. <i>American Journal of Community Psychology</i> , <i>35</i> (3-4), 185- 200.
Tebes, J. K. (2005). Community Science, Philosophy of Science, and the Practice of Research. [10.1007/s10464-005-3399-x]. <i>American Journal of Community Psychology</i> , <i>35</i> (3), 213-230.
Wandersman, A. (2003). Community Science: Bridging the Gap between Science and Practice with Community-Centered Models. American Journal of Community Psychology, 31(3), 227-242.
Prilleltensky, I. (1989). Psychology and the status quo. American Psychologist, 44, 795-802.
Prilleltensky, I., & Nelson, G. (1997). Community psychology: Reclaiming social justice. In Fox, D. & Prilleltensky, I. (Eds.). Critical Psychology: An Introduction. Sage, London.
Trickett, E. J. (1996). A future for community psychology: The contexts of diversity and the diversity of contexts. American Journal of Community Psychology, 24(2), 209-234.
Minkler, Meredith. (2005). Community organizing and community building for health (2nd ed.). New Brunswick, N.J.: Rutgers University Press.
McMillan, D.W. & Chavis, D.M. (1986). Sense of community: A definition and theory. Journal of Community Psychology, 14, 6-23.
Sarason, S.B. (1974). The psychological sense of community: Prospects for a community psychology. San Francisco: Jossey Bass.
Rappaport, J. (1981). In praise of paradox: A social policy of empowerment over prevention. Journal of Community Psychology 9, 1-25.
Wandersman, A., & Florin, P. (2003). Community Interventions and effective prevention. American Psychologist, 58, 441-448.

Note 1: Intended Learning Outcomes

Intended learning outcomes should state what students should be able to do or attain upon completion of the subject. Subject outcomes are expected to contribute to the attainment of the overall programme outcomes.

Note 2: Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus

The syllabus should adequately address the intended learning outcomes. At the same time over-crowding of the syllabus should be avoided.

Note 3: Teaching/Learning Methodology

This section should include a brief description of the teaching and learning methods to be employed to facilitate learning, and a justification of how the methods are aligned with the intended learning outcomes of the subject.

Note 4: Assessment Method

This section should include the assessment method(s) to be used and its relative weighting, and indicate which of the subject intended learning outcomes that each method purports to assess. It should also provide a brief explanation of the appropriateness of the assessment methods in assessing the intended learning outcomes.