Subject Description Form

Subject Code	AF1BN01			
Subject Title	Economic Logic in Everyday Life			
Credit Value	3			
Level	1			
Normal Duration	1-semester			
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	None			
Role and Purposes	The aim of this course is to stimulate interest in economics, by contextualizing it in terms of how it influences both consciously and subconsciously, the choices and decisions we all make as part of our daily lives. Towards this objective, the course unravels the apparent complexity of economic outcomes, by making seemingly difficult economic concepts accessible to even those who might have no prior training or background in economics.			
Intended Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: (a) comprehend a wide range of economic concepts; (b) examine critically real-world economic issues and outcomes; (c) apply economic decision-making skills towards analytical reasoning; and (d) develop an ability towards prudent decision-making in everyday life 			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	Topic 1: The Lessons in Economics Cognitive systems and economic thinking; Scarcity, value and opportunity cost; Thinking marginally; Cost-Benefit analysis; Gains from exchange. Topic 2: Thinking Strategically			
	Anticipation and strategy; Cooperation and cheating; Threats and bluffs in conflicts; Brinkmanship and commitment.			
	Topic 3: Power of Markets Demand and Supply; Price as signal; Market equilibrium; Market efficiency and fairness.			
	Topic 4: Market Failure and Public Policy Externalities; Public goods; Regulation: Rent control; Public policy (unintended) consequences.			
	Topic 5: Economics of Information – Uncertainty Uncertainty, assets and financial markets; Systematic vs. unsystematic risk; Reward for risk; Portfolios and diversification.			
	Topic 6: Economics of Information - Asymmetry Hidden information and action; Market for used cars; Insurance markets; Education as a signal; Managerial pay and performance.			

	Topic 7: Social Preferences and Norms Altruism; Fairness; Inequity Aversion; Reciprocity.						
	Topic 8: Psychology of Choice - Heuristics Dual cognitive systems and behavioral economics; Predictable heuristics and biases in judgement.						
	Topic 9: Psychology of Choice - Time Inconsistency Hyperbolic discounting and present bias; Projection bias, Pre-commitment and self-control.						
Teaching/Learning Methodology	Classes will provide an active learning environment, where in addition to explanation and application of concepts, regular individual and group activities are designed to enable students to demonstrate their ability to critically analyse and examine economic issues, through real world case studies, structured problems and contextual experiments.						
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning Outcomes	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting		Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Outcomes			a	b	с	d	
	1. Group Discussion & Presentation	20%	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	2. Individual Report	10%	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
	3. Class Participation	10%	\checkmark			\checkmark	
	4. Quiz	10%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	5. Examination	50%		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Total	100 %			1	<u> </u>	
Student Study Effort	Class contact:						
Expected	Seminar				39 Hrs.		
	Other student study effort:						
	 Self study and homework preparation 				75 Hrs.		
	Total student study effort				114 Hrs.		
Reading List and References	Hidden Order: The Economics of Everyday Life by David D. Friedman. Harper Paperbacks (1997). Harford, Tim (2006). The Undercover Economist. Random House Trade Paperbacks.						
	Naked Economics: Undress	sing the Dism	al Scien	ce by C	harles J	. Wheelar	n. W. W.

Norton & Company (2003).
Harford, Tim (2008). <i>The Logic of Life: The Rational Economics of an Irrational World</i> . New York: Random House.
Malkiel, Burton G. (2007). A Random Walk Down Wall Street: The time tested strategy for successful investing. W. W. Norton & Co.
Frank, R. H. (2007). The Economic Naturalist. New York: Basic Books.
Ariely, Dan (2008). Predictably Irrational: The Hidden Forces that Shape our Decision, New York: HarperCollins
Kahneman, Daniel (2012). Thinking, Fast and Slow, Penguin.